



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
FACULTY OF LAW
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LAW
2025_2 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE: PUL806
COURSE TITLE: COMPARATIVE CRIMINAL LAW II
TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

Instruction: ANSWER QUESTION 1 (ONE) AND ANY OTHER 2 (TWO) QUESTIONS. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS (20 MARKS) EXCEPT QUESTION 1 WHICH CARRIES 30 MARKS.

1. Corruption is a complex issue that can undermine economic development, erode public trust and hinder progress in many aspects of society. Discuss any two agencies in Nigeria and Ghana dedicated to fighting corruption.
2. Critically review the provisions of the Criminal Code, the Penal Code and any other one jurisdiction under study, with a view to determining what similarities or differences prove or disprove the assertion that the offence known as theft or stealing in those jurisdictions are one and the same thing.
3. Make a clear distinction between the offence of cheating /false pretence and breach of trust, using the definition in Section 420 of the India Penal Code. State the elements of the offence of fraud provided under Section 419 of the Nigerian Criminal Code.
4. What are the acts that can constitute the offence of treasonable felony under the Nigerian CC? With the aid of statutory provisions compare the position of Nigeria and India in the offence of treasonable felony under their criminal Laws.
5. The National Union of tricycle owners led a peaceful procession through the streets of Owuba to decide on the action against the recent ban on tricycle. They resolved to carry out this march for five days until the government reneged on the ban. They went about this without any offensive weapon so as not to cause those in the neighborhood to fear. On the third day, the police arrested them and charged about 40 of them for the offence of riot.
 - (a) Advice on the appropriate charge
 - (b) what would have been the position of the law if this procession was led in Ghana?