

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI - ABUJA

## FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS 2024 1 EXAMINATION

PHY 309 COURSE CODE:

QUANTUM MEHANICS I COURSE TITLE:

CREDIT UNIT:

3 HRS TIME ALLOWED:

Answer question I and any other three questions INSTRUCTION:

9marks Define vector space, Orthogonality and Orthonormality la.

show that the following vectors are mutually orthogonal Ib.

 $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} and \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\sqrt{2} \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} and \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 7marks

- 1c. Replace the following classical mechanical expressions with their corresponding quantum mechanical operators.
  - i.  $K.E = \frac{mv^2}{2}$  in three-dimensional space
  - ii. P = mv, a three-dimensional Cartesian vector
  - iii. y component of angular momentum: L<sub>y</sub> = zp<sub>x</sub> xp<sub>z</sub>.

9marks

- 2a. Transform the following functions accordingly from spherical polar to Cartesian coordinates:  $r = 2sin\theta cos \emptyset$
- b. Solve the following second-order linear differential equation subject to the specified boundary conditions:

boundary conditions: 
$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + k^2(t) = 0, \text{where } x(t=0) = L, \text{ and } \frac{dx(t=0)}{dt} = 0. \text{ Assume } x(t) = e^{\alpha t}, \text{ with } \alpha \text{ unknown}$$

$$10 \text{ marks}$$

Define coherent and incoherent scattering 3a.

- The wave function  $\varphi(x,t)$  satisfies the time dependent Schrodinger equation of a free b. particle. Show that  $H = \frac{-h}{2m}\nabla^2 + V$  represent the Hamiltonian operator. Where 11marks  $\varphi(x,t) = \varphi_0 e^{-i\omega t}$
- Given the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the corresponding eigenvectors and eigenvalue. 8marks 4a.
- For the Hermitian matrix 4a, show that the Eigen functions can be normalized and b. 7marks that they are orthogonal.
- State the Correspondence Principle 5a.

3marks

- $\Psi(x) = A(ax x^2)$  for  $|x| \le a$ . Normalise the wavefunction and find <x>. 12 marks
- 6a. States the postulates of Quantum Mechanics

4marks

 $V \begin{cases} 0.0 < x < a \\ \infty, elsewhere \end{cases}$ b. A particle trapped in the well

- 5(a). Describe the algorithm to prove the finiteness of a regular language L. (6marks)
- Explain the term Finite in respect to automaton and with the aid of a diagram, show the following (i) transition state, ii) start state iii) Final State. (9 marks)
- 6 a) When is a grammar said to be ambiguous and in what state is language is said to be recursively enumerable (9 marks)
- b) State the Types of PDAs (6 marks)

is found to have a wave function  $\frac{i}{2}\sqrt{\frac{2}{a}}\sin\frac{\pi x}{a} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3a}}\sin\frac{3\pi x}{a} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{16a}}\sin\frac{3\pi x}{a}$ 

- (a) If the energy is measured, what are the possible results and what is the probability of obtaining each result?
- (b) What is the most probable energy for this particle?
- (c) What is the average energy of the particle? 11marks