

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA, UNIVERSITY VILLAGE, PLOT 91 CADASTRAL ZONE NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY JABI, ABUJA NIGERIA FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION 2024 1 EXAMINATION

PAD 402 COURSE CODE:

SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION COURSE TITLE:

CREDIT UNITS: TIME ALLOWED: 3Hrs

1. Attempt four (4) questions in All, Question one (1) and any other INSTRUCTIONS:

three (3)

Question number 1 is compulsory and carries 25 marks,

while the other questions carry 15 marks each

3. Present all your points in coherent and orderly manner

Q.1(a) What is Social Policy in your understanding?.

(10 marks)

I(b) Explain Social Welfare Policy in the context of the definition and types of social policy.

(10Marks)

I(c) List ten factors that may shape the Social Policy and Social Welfare of a State.

(5Marks)

- Q. 2 What is the definition of terrorism according to the UN General Assembly Resolution of two categories of terrorism based on this definition. Explain 1994 on this? (15Marks)
- Q.3 Enumerate and discuss the role of the International Community in the promotion of education in Nigeria. (15Marks)
- Q. 4(a) What does the anagram, POSDCORP represent in social welfare administration?

- 4(b) Discuss extensively, the first principle of social welfare administration in the anagram, POSDCORP. (10Marks)
- Q.5 State ten objectives and functions of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and social relates to welfare Organisation as it administration. Cultural (15Marks)

(3 marks)

- Prove that the image of compact set under a continuous map is compact. (5 marks)
- 4a. Prove that the cartesian product of two compact sets is compact. (6 marks)
 - b. Define the following:
 - i. Condensing Point (2 marks)
 - ii. Diameter of a Set. (2 marks)
 - c. Prove that every convergent sequence in any metric space is Cauchy. (5 marks)
- 5a. Prove that a closed subset of a complete metric space is complete. (5 marks)
 - b. Let (R, ||) be a metric space and R denote the set of real numbers with $d: R \times R \to R$ be defined by d(x, y) := |x y| for all $x, y \in R$. Then verify that d is a metric on R. (5 marks)
 - c. Let $E = R^2$ be endowed with the Euclidean metric $d_2(x, y) = \sum_{k=1}^{2} [(x_k y_k)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}$ for all $x = (x_1, x_2), y = (y_1, y_2) \in R^2$. Describe the sets:
 - i. B((0,0),1)
 - ii. $B_r(x_0)$ for arbitrary $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^2$ and r > 0.

(5 marks)