

ESM236

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1. _____ possess chlorophyll, the primary pigments that trap wavelengths of light to which chlorophyll is not as sensitive.

Virus

Bacteria

Fungi

--->> Algae

2. _____ media include nutrients broth, glucose broth, litmus milk used for the preparation of large numbers of organisms and fermentation studies.

--->> Liquid

solid

semi solid

synthetic

3. _____ technique involve the use of Isolation plates made from the watery suspensions from lesions obtained from fresh lesions.

spread plate

--->> streaking method

glass-rod

poured plate

4. The _____ represented by *Pilobolus longipes*, is a common inhabitant of cow intestine and cow dung.

--->> Pilobolaceae

Mucoraceae

Oomycetes

Peronosporales

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Marssonina

Septoria

--->> Conidia

Epicoccum

6. The following are eukaryotes except_____.

--->> plantae

bacteria

fungi

algae

7. The genus *Aspergillus* and the genus *Penicillium* are two important genera that are grouped in the _____ family.

Monopodium

Verticillium

--->> Eurotiaceae

Dendrophoma

8. When a microorganism grows in the laboratory medium, it is referred to as a _____.

specimen

--->> culture

cultivation

isolation

9. Mucoraceae reproduces asexually by means of non-motile sporangiospores called aplanospores contained in a _____.

mycelium

hypophysics

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--->> sporangium

10. The types of spores produced under the Ascomycetes include the following except_____.

--->> hyphomycetes

microconidia

chlamydo spores

arthrospores

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