

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\pi \leq x \leq \pi\right) \\ & \left(0\right) \end{aligned}$$

[MTH302] The series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n \left(x-x_0\right)^n$ converges if the radius is _____ less than 1

[MTH302] Find the singular point of $(-x)y'' - 6xy' - 4y = 0$
 $x = 0$

[MTH302] Find (b_n) in the expansion of (x^2) as a Fourier series in $(-\pi \leq x \leq \pi)$.
 (0)

[MTH302] If the recurrence relation is given by $(a_n = -3a_{n-1})$, what is the expression for (a_4)
 $(a_4 = \frac{-3}{4} a_3)$

[MTH302] Determine the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n x^n$
 $(1/2)$

[MTH302] Find the constant (a_0) of the Fourier series for function $(f(x)=x)$ in $(0 \leq x \leq 2\pi)$
 (2π)

[MTH302] The relation $(a_n = \frac{n+2}{n} a_{n-2})$ is called a _____ relation
Recurrence

[MTH302] which of the following functions is odd
 (x^2)

[MTH302] Find the constant (a_0) of the Fourier series for function $(f(x) = e^x)$ in $(-\pi \leq x \leq \pi)$
 $(\frac{2 \sinh \pi}{\pi})$

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