

1. The board of directors has the right and responsibility to remove poorly performing managers

2. The Japanese large investors appear to be soft with the management.

3. This theory centers on the issues concerning the stakeholders in an institution. This is stakeholder's theory

4. SEBI has no intention to making rating of governance of listed companies mandatory.

5. Leadership is defined as the process of influencing the activities of an organized group toward goal achievement

6. Leadership has been defined as the ability to inspire other people to accomplish a preset objective

7. Members of the board of directors assume the responsibility of monitoring, directing and appointing the firm's managers.

8. Shareholder activism involves the task of aggressive monitoring and controlling the firm's management

9. Management and director turnovers are common in Germany and Japan in response to poor corporate performance.

10. Potential stakeholders aspire to enter into relationships with enterprises whose governance credentials are exemplary.