

The primary goal of a disaster preparedness plan is to protect the population

Disaster management is aimed ultimately at: strengthening sewage and drinking water treatment facilities to resist the impact of a future disaster

Classes of environments in measuring the effects of disasters and emergencies includes all of the following except Disaster environment

Priority environmental health concerns during a natural disaster are providing victims with: water, food, shelter, sanitation

\_\_\_\_\_ is a move by a state or an international organisation to involve itself in the domestic affairs of another state, whether the state consents or not Intervention

An example of a natural disaster is a hurricane

\_\_\_\_\_ are events brought about by natural hazards that seriously affect the society, economy and/or infrastructure of a region. Natural Disaster

Measures taken in advance of a disaster aimed at decreasing or eliminating its impact on society and environment is called \_\_\_\_\_ Mitigation

The most valuable information to have on hand in case a disaster strikes is: knowledge of which areas are likely to be hardest hit and resources and services available in and around these areas

The process of locating and recovering disaster victims and the application of first aid and basic medical assistance as may be required is called \_\_\_\_\_ Search and rescue

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