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1. Assets - Liabilities =
Owners capital
2 discount is a reduction in the amount that the customer has to pay, provided
payment is made within a given period stipulated by the seller at the time of sale.
Cash
3 are amounts provided to allow for liabilities that are anticipated but not yet
quantified precisely, or for reductions in asset values
Provisions
4. The term refers to the amount at which assets are shown in the statement of
financial position
Valuation
5 discount is expressed as a percentage reduction of the recommended retail
price of the goods, and is deducted in arriving at the amount the buyer is charged for
the goods.
Trade
6. In historical cost accounting, non-current assets are valued at their historical cost
less the aggregate/accumulated depreciation from the date of acquisition to the date of
the statement of financial position. The resulting figure is known as the
Net book value
7. Before a transaction is recorded in the ledger, it must first be entered in a book of
Prime entry
8. A/An is a source document sent by the seller, and is primarily to inform the
buyer how much is owed for the goods supplied.
Invoice
9 is the main book of account in which all transactions are recorded
Ledger
10expenditure typically includes the cost of purchasing a non-current asset
Capital Expenditure

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