

ENG241

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1. A traditional way of arriving at significant sounds in all natural languages is through the construction of -----.

complementary distribution

allophones

free variation

--->> minimal pairs

2. [g] is an example of a ----- sound.

dental

nasal

fricative

--->> velar

3. Consonants produced with a total blockage of the airstream followed by a sudden release are said to be -----.

fricatives

nasals

--->> plosives

glides

4. Dental consonants are produced when ----- make contact

--->> apex of the tongue and upper teeth

upper and lower teeth

upper teeth and lower lip

upper lip and lower teeth

5. [h] can be phonetically described as -----.

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a voiced glottal fricative

a voiced glottal affricate

--->> a voiceless glottal fricative

6. A significant sound segment may be said to represent a -----

morpheme

suffix

--->> phoneme

prefix

7. Alveolar consonants are produced when ----- makes contact with the alveolar.

the blade of the tongue

the back of the tongue

--->> the tip of the tongue

the root of the tongue

8. The schwa is normally identified as vowel number ----- on the vowel chart.

6

--->> 12

8

10

9. [eɪ̯ə̯ɪ̯] is an example of a -----.

--->> triphthong

diphthong

monophthong

glide

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dental

--->> labio-dental

glottal

alveolar

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