

ENG226

=====

1. Under the

--->> (P) B (S)

(S) B (P)

(A) B (D)

(A) B (S)

2. Which of the following is not a characteristic of derivational bound morphemes?

They occur before the inflectional bound morphemes they should co-occur

--->> They do not operate a close circuit kind of relationship.

They can indicate semantic relations in words.

They can change the meaning or word class of a word.

3. As far as the structural formula of the word

dis

establish

--->> ment

establishment

4. An inflectional bound morpheme can indicate ----- in English.

tense

number

comparison

--->> tense, number and comparison

5. A derivational morpheme generates or creates new words by -----.

changing the class of word

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transforming old words

--->> either changing the class of word or forming new words

6. An inflectional morpheme -----.

can generate or create new words

--->> cannot generate or create new words

can affect the grammatical class of a word

cannot indicate tense

7. An inflectional morpheme plays ----- grammatical roles in English.

--->> three

two

four

five

8. The morphemes *Ãçâ,-â€œment, -en, -ing, -ed, -ness, -ful, mis-, -anti, -less*, are all examples of -----.

free morphemes

prefixes

--->> bound morphemes

allomorphs of the same morpheme

9. The root of the word

rage

encourage

--->> courage

ment

10. The morphological process of attaching an affix to the root or base of a word is called -----.

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suffixation

--->> affixation

preffixation

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