

Oloruntoba-Oju (1994:71)

[ENG226] Morphology concerns itself with -----.
the forms of words themselves

[ENG226] The *ɪ*, *æ* in pots, kegs and buses are clearly ----- of the same
morpheme.
allomorphs

[ENG226] When a morpheme *ɪ* or *æ* is added to another in order to produce a word. Such addition is called -----.
affixation

[ENG226] Morphemes enter into relationship on the basis of addition, substitution and --
-----.
subtraction

[ENG226] Morphemes may have ----- with other morphemes in a text.
demonstrable relationships

[ENG226] ----- says a morpheme is
Bloomfield (1933:24)

[ENG226] ----- describes morpheme in terms of its phonological properties.
Bello (2001: 93)

[ENG226] ----- is the structural relationship that exists between different morphemes
when in combination.
Morphological process

[ENG226] Morphology also deals with the study of -----.
the meaningful parts of words

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