

PHY405

=====

1. A ROM is defined as

Read Out Memory

Read Once Memory

--->> Read Only Memory

none of the Mentioned

2. A minute magnetic toriod is also called as

large memory

small memeory

--->> core memory

both small and large memory

3. The memory that is being continuously used to read programs is

ROM

--->> RAM

USB

none of the mentioned

4. The semiconductor RAMs are volatile?

--->> true

false

not sure

none of the mentioned

5. A register file holds

a large number of word of information

Whatsapp: 08089722160 or click here for TMA assistance

Practice E-exams & Chat with course mates on [noungeeks.net](https://noungeeks.net)

**Join group: T.me/NOUNSTUDENTSFORUM**  
**CLICK TO DOWNLOAD MORE TMA PQ**

a large number of programs

--->> a modest number of words of information

6. Which one of the following has capability to store data in extremely high densities?

register

capacitor

--->> semiconductor

none of the mentioned

7. The very first computer memory consisted of

a small display

--->> a large memory storage equipment

an automatic keyboard input

none of the mentioned

8. A register is able to hold

data

--->> word

nibble

both data and word

9. A flip flop stores

10 bit of nformation

--->> 1 bit of information

2 bit of information

none of the mentioned

10. Non-volatile memory refers to

--->> the memory whose loosed data is retained again when power to the memory

**Whatsapp: 08089722160 or click here for TMA assistance**

**Practice E-exams & Chat with course mates on noungeeks.net**

**Join group: T.me/NOUNSTUDENTSFORUM**  
**CLICK TO DOWNLOAD MORE TMA PQ**

the memory which loses data when power to the memory circuit is removed

the memory which loses data when power to the memory circuit is applied

the memory whose lost data is achieved again when power to the memory circuit is applied

**Whatsapp: 08089722160 or click here for TMA assistance**

**Practice E-exams & Chat with course mates on [noungeeks.net](http://noungeeks.net)**