



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
University Village, Nnamdi Azikiwe Expressway, Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Jabi, Abuja
FACULTY OF SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2018 EXAMINATION QUESTIONS

COURSE CODE: PHY306

COURSE TITLE: Optics II

COURSE UNIT: 2 units

TIME: 2 hours

INSTRUCTION: Answer Question 1 and any other three (3) questions

Question 1

- a) State the difference between the Biprism and Lloyd's Mirror Fringes. (6 marks)
- b) How many Fresnel zones will be obstructed by a sphere of radius 1 mm if the screen is 20cm away? Take $\lambda = 5000 \text{ \AA}$. If the distance of the screen is increased to 200 cm, what will be the size of the sphere which will cut off 10 zones? (8 marks)
- c) In Fraunhofer diffraction by a circular aperture what would be done to obtain the circular aperture pattern? (3 marks)
- d) Plane waves from a helium-neon laser with wavelength 6300 \AA are incident on a circular aperture of diameter 0.5 mm. What is the angular location of the first minimum in the diffraction pattern? (8 marks)

Question 2

- a) Mention the two classes of Interference fringes produced by thin films. (4 marks)
- b) Young's experiments is performed with light of the green mercury line. If the fringes are measured with a micrometer eyepiece 80 cm behind the double slit, it is found that 20 of them occupy a distance of 10.92 mm. Find the distance between two slits. Given that the wavelength of green mercury line is 5460 \AA . (11 marks)

Question 3

- a. (i) State Stoke's principle of reversibility of light. (1 mark)
(ii) Explain what is meant by coherent source of light as used in the interference of light. (1 mark)

- b. If in a Newton's ring experiment, the air in the interspaces is replaced by a liquid of refractive index 1.33, in what proportion would the diameters of the ring change?
(4 marks)
- c. A particle is executing simple harmonic motion, with a period of 3s and amplitude of 6 cm. One-half second after the particle has passed through its equilibrium position, what is its: (i) displacement, (ii) velocity, and (iii) acceleration?
(9 marks)

Question 4

- a) Distinguish between Young double slit experiment and Michelson Interferometer.
(5 marks)
- b) Give an outline of how to find the wavelength of light using double slit in Young's experiment. (10 marks)

Question 5

- a) Explain the following: (i) Constructive interference.
(ii) Destructive interference. (7 marks)
- b) Monochromatic light passes through two narrow slits 0.40 mm apart. The third-order bright fringe of the interference pattern, observed on a screen 1.0 meter from the slits, is 3.6 mm from the centre of the central maximum. What is the wavelength of the light?
(8 marks)