



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES
CRIMINOLOGY AND SECURITY STUDIES DEPARTMENT

First Semester Examination

Feb. 2019

3 Credit Units

Programme: B.Sc. Criminology and Security Studies

Course Code: CSS361

**Course Title: JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS AND JUVENILE
CORRECTIONS IN NIGERIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS: Answer any other 4 questions. Remove “other” since THERE
IS NO COMPULSORY QUESTION.**

Time Allowed: 3hrs

- 1). There are 7 recommendations proposed by the Abuja Conference of 2002 to facilitate reform and change the administration of juvenile justice in Nigeria. Discuss five of these recommendations.
- 2). Why is Information Management System (OIMS) important for planning, policy and practice development as well as for reporting on the work of the institution at both the case individual (juvenile) and system (institution) level.
- 3). The Bombay Children Act gives protection to four principal classes of children; What are these classes?
- 4). List and discuss five of the conditions that influence the classification of juvenile institutions ‘having advanced criminal tendencies’.
- 5). Nigeria has adopted various age demarcations under which Crime responsibility may or may not be assigned depending on the circumstances of the offence. Discuss the various age demarcations and the reasons for them.
- 6). What is the minimum measure/standard for non-Institutional means of treating juvenile offenders?

