



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA,
PLOT 91 CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI – ABUJA
FACULTY OF SCIENCES

Course Code: CIT852

Time: 3 hrs

Course Title: Data Communication and Networks

Course Credit Unit: 3

Instruction: Attempt question one (22 marks) and any other four (4) questions (12 marks each)

- a. Complete the following table (7 marks):

Layer	Data Package Name
Application	
Presentation	
Session	
Transport	
Network	
Data-link	
Physical	

- b. With the aid of a table ONLY, outline 5 differences between the OSI reference model and the TCP/IP model. (5 marks)
- c. Define the following terms:
- Baud (2 mark)
 - Noise (2 mark)
 - Propagation delay (2 mark)
 - Attenuation (2 mark)
- d. For a constant rate transmission, if it takes 100 seconds to complete 1 transmission cycle, what is the frequency of the transmission?(2 marks)

2.

- a. Briefly explain the key features of the following:
- Circuit-switched networks (2 marks)
 - Packaged-switched networks (2 marks)
- b. State 3 advantages and 2 disadvantages of each of the following network topologies:
- Bus (1.5 marks)
 - Star (1.5 marks)
 - Ring (2 marks)
- c. List 3 types of broadcast networks (1 mark each)

3.

- a. State 3 drawbacks each of the TCP/IP reference model and the OSI reference model. (4.5 marks)
 - b. State 2 approaches to broadcast infrared networking.(1.5 marks)
 - c. State 3 characteristics of a connection-oriented service (3 marks)
 - d. List and explain very briefly 3 strategies to manage congestion in a network (3 marks)
4.
 - a. State the 3 steps required for connection establishment in connection oriented services (3 marks).
 - b. Briefly explain the following concepts:
 - i. Flooding (3 marks)
 - ii. Link state routing (3 marks)
 - c. State 3 reasons for congestion on a network (3 marks)
5.
 - a. List the steps of the Dijkstra routing algorithm (3 marks)
 - b. Using a table only, highlight 2 differences between congestion control and flow control. (4 marks)
 - c. For each class of IP address, specify the following with the aid of a table containing the following columns: (5 marks)
 - i. IP address class
 - ii. Higher order bit
 - iii. Format
6.
 - a. List the 4 types of routers identified by OSPF and state the function of each router (4 marks).
 - b. When an application invokes TCP, state and explain briefly what services it receives from TCP (4 marks).
 - c. State 3 important features of UDP (3 marks)
 - d. State 2 applications that use UDP exclusively (1 mark).
7.
 - a. Explain the following terms:
 - i. Hierarchical address (1 mark)
 - ii. Flat address (1 mark)
 - iii. Static Address assignment (1 marks)
 - iv. Dynamic address assignment (1 marks)
 - v. Adaptive routing (1 marks)
 - vi. Non-adaptive routing (1 marks)
 - b. When routers receive packets faster than they can forward them, state the 2 possibilities that could occur in the case of congestion. (2 marks)

- c. State 4 features of a token bucket traffic shaper. (4 marks)