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NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA University Village, 91 Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja FACULTY OF SCIENCES APRIL, 2019 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE: CIT342

COURSE TITLE: Formal Languages and Automata Theory

CREDIT: 3 Units

TIME ALLOWED: 21/2 Hours

INSTRUCTION: Answer Question 1 and any other FOUR (4) Questions

- 1a) Distinguish between a word and a vocabulary in formal language. Use examples to illustrate your answer (3 marks)
- b) Let V be a set of strings. Is $V^+ = V^*$? Justify your answer.(3 marks)
- c) Enumerate the components of a formal grammar. (4 marks)
- d) Compare context-free grammar and regular grammar (4 marks)
- e) Differentiate between an alphabet and a language (2 marks)
- f) Enumerate any **two** of the typical questions being asked about formalism in formal language theory. (2 marks)
- g) Define automata theory. (2 marks)
- h) State the **two** ways of implementing a DFA. (2 marks)
- 2a) Formally define an automaton (5 marks)
- b) Briefly describe any two of the popular variations in the definition of different components of automata. (7 marks)
- **3a)** List any four types of automata and state their respective recognizable language. (6 marks) b) In the context of automata theory, briefly describe the following terms:
 - i. Recognised language (2 marks)
 ii. Run (2 marks)
 - iii. Transducer (2 marks)
- 4a) Thinking of an automaton as a computer, state the way(s) it can handle non-determinism? (2 marks)

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- b) Is a Non-Deterministic Finite Automaton (NFA) more powerful than a Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA)? Explain. (4 marks)
- c) State the precedence of the following with respect to regular expressions: (2 marks)
 - i) Kleene Star
 - ii) Concatenation
 - iii) Union
 - iv) Parentheses
- d) Briefly explain the concept of ambiguity in grammars. (4 marks)
- 5a) Describe the types of Push Down Automata (PDAs). (3 marks)
- b) Give the formal definition of a PDA (4 marks)
- c) List any two ways of defining a language (2 marks)
- d) Enumerate any two of the mathematical concepts needed to proof the Halting Problem. (3 marks)
- 6a) What does it mean to say a formally stated problem is:
 - i) Unsolvable? (1 mark)
 - ii) Provably unsolvable? (1 mark)
 - iii) Undecidable? (1 mark)
- b) State the Halting Problem. (2 marks)
- c) (i) State Godel incompleteness theorem. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Basically, what did Godel prove? (2 marks)
- d) When is formal system said to be:
 - i) Complete? (1½ marks)
 - ii) Inconsistent? (1½ marks)