Click to download more NOUN PQ from NounGeeks.com



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS September Examination, 2020_1

Course Code:	MTH382
Course Title:	Mathematical Methods IV
Credit Unit:	3
Time Allowed:	3 Hours
Instruction:	Answer Number One (1) and Any Other (4) Questions

1. Prove the uniqueness of the function f(x) on R' to R^n defined for $|x - x_o| < r$ where

$$r < min(a, \frac{b}{M})$$
 (22 marks)

- 2. (a) Show that $r(z)r(1-z) = \frac{\pi}{\sin \pi z}$ for $z \neq 0,1,2$ (8 marks) (b) Prove that $(\alpha)_n = \frac{r(\alpha + n)}{r(\alpha)}$ (4 marks)
- 3. Show that if R(c-a-b) > 0 and if c is neither zero nor a negative integer r(c)r(c-a-b)

$$2F_1(a,b,c) = \frac{r(c)r(c-a-b)}{r(c-a)r(c-b)}$$
 (12 marks)

4. Prove that

If
$$1 \le 1 \le 1$$
 and $R(c) > R(b) > 0$ then $2F_1(a,b,c,z) = \frac{r(c)}{r(b)r(c-b)} \int_0^1 t^{b-1} (1-t)^{c-b-1} (1-tz)^{-c_1} dt$

(12 marks)

5. Given that $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^2 - v^2)y = 0$, Where x=0, Assume that v is not an integer,

$$y = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c^m x^{m+r}$$
(12 marks)
6. Prove that $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} J_o z(\cos\theta) \cos\theta d\theta = \frac{\sin Z}{Z}$
(12 marks)