



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja.
FACULTY OF SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
2020_2 EXAMINATION

Course Code: MTH 303

Course Title: MTH 303 Vector and Tensor Analysis

Credit Unit: 3

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Instruction: Answer Question Number One and Any other Four Questions.

1. a) Find a unit vector parallel to the resultant of vectors $r_1 = 2i + 4j - 5k$ and $r_2 = i + 2j + 3k$ [4 Marks]

b) Calculate the *curl* of the vector $\vec{f} = xyzi + 3x^2yj + (xz^2 - y^2z)k$ [4 Marks]

c) If $A = i - 2j - 3k$, $B = 2i + j - k$ and $C = i + 3j - 2k$, find $A \bullet (B \times C)$. [5 Marks]

d) If $f = f(x^1, x^2, x^3, \dots, x^n)$, then show that $df = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^i} dx^i$. [4 Marks]

e) Using Stoke's theorem or otherwise, evaluate $\int_C [(2x - y)dx - yz^2 dy - y^2 z dz]$ where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, corresponding to the surface of sphere of unit radius. [5 Marks]

2a) Determine λ and μ by using vectors, such that the points A, B and C are given as $(-1, 3, 2)$, $(-4, 2, -2)$ and $(5, \lambda, \mu)$ respectively lie on a straight line. [6 Marks]

b) Evaluate $\iint_{\mathfrak{R}} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$, where \mathfrak{R} is the region bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ [6 Marks]

3a) If $A = (3x^2 + 6y)i - 14yzj + 20xz^2k$, evaluate $\int_C A \bullet dr$ from $(0,0,0)$ to $(1,1,1)$ along $x = t$, $y = t^2$ and $z = t^3$. [8 Marks]

b) If the coordinates of P be $(3, 4, 12)$, then find \overrightarrow{OP} , its magnitude and direction cosines. [4 Marks]

4a) Apply the divergence theorem to compute $\iint_S u \cdot nds$ where S is the surface of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ bounded by the planes $z = 0$, $z = b$ and where $u = xi - yj + zk$. [6 Marks]

b) Let $F = \frac{-yi + xj}{x^2 + y^2}$. Calculate $\nabla \times F$ [6 Marks]

5a) Evaluate the integral $\iiint_{\mathcal{R}} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz$ where \mathcal{R} is the region bounded by $x + y + z = a$ ($a > 0$)

at $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $z = 0$. [8 Marks]

b) Write the covariant derivative with respect to x^q of this tensor A^{jk} [4Marks]

6. a) Evaluate $\int_{(0,1)}^{(1,2)} (x^2 - y) dx + (y^2 + x)$ along

(i) a straight line from $(0, 1)$ to $(1, 2)$ [3 Marks]

(ii) a straight lines from $(0, 1)$ to $(1, 1)$ and then from $(1, 1)$ to $(1, 2)$ and [3 Marks]

(iii) the parabola $x = t$ and $y = t^2 + 1$. [3 Marks]

b) Express in matrix notation the transformation equations for a covariant vector $\bar{A}_q = \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial x^p} A_q$ of rank two,

assuming $N = 3$. [3 Marks]