MCQ1:is used in Greek when the subject is being acted by an outside agentÂ
outside agentA Answer: Present passive indicative
MCQ2: The "u" stem nouns of the third declension in Greek are mostly to be Answer: Dative
MCQ3:mood is one of the moods that are used to express action that is not actually taking place Answer: Subjunctive
MCQ4: The nouns of the third declension that are mostly masculineAnswer: The u stem
MCQ5: How many functions are performed by the imperfect tense in Greek language? Answer: 3
MCQ6: The use of Greek article to point out particular identity in Greek is refers to as
Answer: articular use of a noun
MCQ7: The elements of the verb which indicates the relationship between the subject and action is called theAnswer: voice
MCQ8: The pronouns that are similar to interrogative pronouns except that they are enclilics are called pronoun Answer: indefinite
MCQ9: The pronouns that are similar to interrogative pronouns except that they are enclilics are called pronoun Answer: indefinite
MCQ10:is the simple future that predicts what will happen Answer: Simple predictive future
MCQ11: Which of these is not a punctuation marks in Greek?
Answer: Question mark
MCQ12: How many rules are guiding the acute accent in Greek language?
Answer: 4
MCQ13: Theis the quality of the verb which has to do with the action Answer: tense
MCQ14: The imperfect tense that is used to lay emphasis on the beginning of an action in the past time is

Answer: inceptive imperfect
MCQ15: How many breathing marks do we have in Greek language?
Answer: 2
MCQ16: The special class of "W" verbs are called Answer: contrast
MCQ17: The absence of definite article implies the Answer: indefinite article
MCQ18: Which of these is not type of mute consonants?Answer: Conjuncture
MCQ19: The number of declension in Greek language are forms Answer: 3
MCQ20:aorist is formed using the argument and adding consonant Ō Answer: First
MCQ21: The word used to refer to the various functions that nouns perform in sentence is called Greek Answer: Koine
MCQ22: How many cases make up the Greek noun?Answer: 5 cases
MCQ23:Greek is the key that unlocks the treasures of God in elucidating sermons, teachings and Bible studies Answer: Koine
MCQ24: The pronoun which expresses the action of the subjject upon iitself is pronoun  Answer: reflexive
MCQ25: Greekoccurs when two vowel sounds combine to become one single sound Answer: diphthong
MCQ26: The element of the verb which indicates the person talking is called the
Answer: person
MCQ27: How many variations are in second declension of Greek noun?
Answer: 5
MCO28: Which of these is a secondary tense because it deals with the actions in the

past time?
Answer: Aorist
MCQ29: The mood that appears only in the present and aorist tenses is called
Answer: imperative
MCQ30: pronoun combines the form of relative and indefinite pronoun and is more qualitative in function Answer: Indefinite
MCQ31: The stem that is obtained by adding Ō to the verb stem is
Answer: future stem
MCQ32: How many cases do we have in Greek noun Answer: 4
MCQ33:case is the subject of the sentence Answer: Nominative
MCQ34: The declension in Greek language that has mainly masculine and neuter nouns is called Answer: Second
MCQ35:declension in Greek has two masculine nouns Answer: First
MCQ36: The number of systems in the first declension of the masculine nouns in Greek language are declension system Answer: 5
MCQ37: How many punctuation marks are there in Greek?Answer: 4
MCQ38: Which of these functions as the topic of object of the sentence? Answer: The noun
MCQ39: The Greek words ending with O are called Answer: gender nouns
MCQ40: Greek case is used as the case of designation or to complete the thought of the subject of the sentence Answer: nominative
MCQ41: The rules guiding the circumflex accent in Greek language as
MCQ42: Which of these is not the form of declension in Greek language? The

declension
Answer: fourth
MCQ43:subjunctive is used to express a rhetorical question Answer: Prohibitive
MCQ44: How many cases does the Greek language have? Answer: 8
MCQ45: The declension in Greek that has all the three genders is calledAnswer: Third
MCQ46: The pronoun that is used to introduce direct or indirect questions is
Answer: interrogative
MCQ47: Which of these Greek cases is used for the direct object in Greek language? case
Answer: Accusative
MCQ48:is used to show actions repeated in the past time Answer: Interative imperfect
MCQ49: The is the element of a verb that indicates the relation of the action to reality Answer: mood
MCQ50: The "eu" stem nouns of third declension in Greek are all called Greek nouns
Answer: masculine
FBQ1: How many breathing marks do we have in Greek language?
Answer: 2
FBQ2: The noun that functions in Greek language as the indirect object is called case Answer: dative
FBQ3: How many variations has the first declension in Greek language?
Answer: 5
FBQ4: The declension is made up of three feminine nouns Answer: first
FBQ5: The command that is used to give positive command is Answer: cohortative

-BQ6: The stem that is obtained by adding AŒ to the verb stem is stem  Answer: future
BQ7:colon (:) functions like the English of semi-colon  Answer: greek
FBQ8:tense indicates continuous action in the past Answer: imperfect
BQ9: The Greek words ending with O are called noun Answer: masculine
FBQ10: The absence of definite article implies the article  Answer: indefinite
FBQ11: The element of the verb which indicates the person talking is called the
Answer: person
FBQ12: The "eu" stem nouns of third declension in Greek are all called
noun Answer: masculine
BQ13: Another term used to describe interative perfect tense is
FBQ14: Theis the element of a verb that indicates the relation of the action to reality  Answer: mood
FBQ15: The nouns of the third declension that are mostly masculine the stem Answer: u
FBQ16:case is the subject of the sentence Answer: nominative
FBQ17: The rules guiding the circumflex accent in Greek language as in number Answer: 4
BQ18: Present indicative is used in Greek when the subject is being acted by an outside agent Answer: passive
FBQ19: Culminative function is one the characteristics of tense Answer: aorist
BQ20: The pronouns that must agrees with the noun in gender, case and number

is
Answer: possessive
FBQ21:stem is formed by adding "sigma" to the verb's stem Answer: future
FBQ22: The full stop is a mark in Greek grammar and syntax Answer: punctuation
FBQ23:Greek is the key that treasures of God in elucidating sermons, teachings and Bible studies Answer: Koine
FBQ24: The pronoun which expresses the action of the subject upon itself is pronoun Answer: reflexive
FBQ25: How many functions are performed by the imperfect tense in Greek language
Answer: 3
FBQ26: Greek has three forms of declension: the first, the third and theAnswer: Second
FBQ27: The tenses which carry the time of the action and the kind of action are as present indicative Answer: active
FBQ28: The grave accent can be placed only on oneAnswer: syllable
FBQ29: Greekoccurs when two vowel sounds combine to become one single sound Answer: diphthong
FBQ30: The mute stem is a stem of noun in the declension in Greek Answer: third
FBQ31: The imperfect tense that is used to lay emphasis at the beginning of an action in the past time is imperfect Answer: inceptive
FBQ32: The elements of the verb which indicates the relationship between the subject and action is called theAnswer: voice
FBQ33: Labial is identified as one of the consonants Answer: mute

FBQ34: How many ways agrist tense is formed in Greek language?
Answer: 2
FBQ35:command is used to give negative command and prohibits the commencement of an action Answer: Prohibitive
FBQ36: How many punctuation marks are there in Greek?Answer: 4
FBQ37: The Greek punctuation marks that are correspond with English language are comma and Answer: stop
FBQ38: How many keys are used in mastering Greek language?
Answer: 5
FBQ39: How many Greek vowels are always short?Answer: 2
FBQ40: The case is used in Greek syntax for the direct object Answer: accusative
FBQ41: The number of systems in the first declension of the masculine nouns in Greel language are declension system  Answer: 5
FBQ42: The special class of "W" verbs are called Answer: contrast
FBQ43: The mood that appears only in the present and aorist tenses is called Answer: imperative
FBQ44: The U stems of the third declension are mostly Answer: masculine
FBQ45: How many rules are guiding the acute accent in Greek language?
Answer: 4
FBQ46: The tense among others has an ingressive function Answer: aorist
FBQ47:declension in Greek has two masculine forms Answer: first

FBQ48: The pronoun that is used is Answer: interrogative	used to introduce direct or indirect questions
FBQ49: Thethe sentence Answer: noun	functions in Greek grammar as the topic of object of
FBQ50: The colon is is a	mark in Greek grammar and syntax