

Question FBQ1 : The bending of a ray of light when it travels through a medium is called_____.

Answer: refraction

Question FBQ2 : <p style="text-align:justify">A prism has _____ plane surface(s) which is/are called refracting face(s)

Answer: two

Question FBQ3 : <p style="text-align:justify">The angle between the two refracting faces of a prism is called angle of _____

Answer: prism

Question FBQ4 : When seeking the "null" point, the key K should be closed before contact is made at the point of balance. This is done to avoid deflections due to _____.

Answer: induction effects

Question FBQ5 : Convex mirrors are mostly used as _____.

Answer: driving mirrors

Question FBQ6 : The angle between the incident and the emergent rays in a prism is called the angle of _____.

Answer: deviation

Question FBQ7 : In an experiment, derived values such as those obtained from four figure tables should be recorded to at least _____ decimal places

Answer: 3

Question FBQ8 : Which of the following remains unchanged when refraction occurs?

Answer: Frequency

Question FBQ9 : The slide wire of the figure shown is balanced when the uniform slide wire AB is divided as shown. The value of the resistance X is _____ .

Answer: 2

Question FBQ10 : _____ is the apparent motion between an object and its image, situated along the line of sight, relative to each other.

Answer: Parallax

Question FBQ11 : In the minimum deviation position of the prism, the refracted ray passes parallel to the base of the _____.

Answer: prism

Question FBQ12 : The advantage of potentiometer over voltmeter in measurements of emf is that it does not draw _____ from the circuit under test.

Answer: Current

Question FBQ13 : A glass prism of refracting angle 60 degrees gives a minimum deviation of 47degrees. What is the refractive index of the glass?

Answer: 1.61

Question FBQ14 : Obtaining a rough value for the focal length of a concave mirror can be achieved by focusing the _____ of a distant window on to a sheet of paper

Answer: image

Question FBQ15 : The _____ of the eye plays an equivalent role of the screen in optical experiments

Answer: Retina

Question FBQ16 : The distance between the sharpest image on the paper or on the wall gives the approximate focal length of the mirror

Answer: length

Question FBQ17 : Which mirror is used as a dentist mirror?

Answer: concave

Question FBQ18 : If an object is placed at the principal focus of a concave mirror, its image will be formed at:

Answer: Infinity

Question FBQ19 : An image that can be formed on a screen is said to be _____.

Answer: Real

Question FBQ20 : For a concave mirror to form a real diminished image, the object must be placed at a distance greater than the _____.

Answer: radius of curvature \hat{A}

Question FBQ21 : A virtual image is always :

Answer: upright

Question FBQ22 : No parallax tells us that the two objects are _____.

Answer: Coincident

Question FBQ23 : _____ is the apparent motion between an object and its image, situated along the line of sight, relative to each other in an experiment.

Answer: Parallax

Question FBQ24 : A 10 ohm and a 20 ohm resistor are connected in parallel to a current source. What fraction of the current flows through the 20 ohm resistor?

Answer: $\frac{1}{3}$

Question FBQ25 : An object is placed 15 cm in front of a convex mirror of focal length 7.5 cm. The image position behind the mirror is _____.

Answer: minus 5 cm

Question FBQ26 : A glass prism is made from transparent refracting medium with two refracting faces and a refracting edge of the prism. The two refracting faces give _____.

Answer: angle of prism

Question FBQ27 : <p style="text-align:justify">A ray of light experiences a minimum deviation when passing symmetrically through an equilateral triangle. The angle of incidence of the ray for a glass of 1.5 refractive index is_____

Answer: 490

Question FBQ28 : A resistor of value $R/2$ is connected in parallel with a resistor of value $R/3$. The voltage drop across the parallel combination is V . The total current supplied by the voltage source is_____.

Answer: $5 V/R$

Question FBQ29 : Resistivity of iron is $10^{-7} \hat{\Omega}\cdot\text{m}$. The resistance of an iron wire is $1 \hat{\Omega}$. If its diameter is halved and length doubled, the resistivity in $\hat{\Omega}\cdot\text{m}$ will be equal to _____.

Answer: 10^{-7}

Question FBQ30 : To get three images of a single object, one should have two plane mirrors at an angle of _____.

Answer: 90°

Question FBQ31 : How many images will be formed when two plane mirrors are placed parallel to each other?

Answer: One

Question FBQ32 : The minimum deviation (d_{min}) is unique and can be found from the graph of deviation against ____

Answer: incidence

Question FBQ33 : Every material offers some resistance to the flow of _____.

Answer: current

Question FBQ34 : The ratio of voltage V to current I is equal to a quantity which gives the measure of _____ offered by the conductor to the flow of charge

Answer: resistance

Question FBQ35 : The relationship between the voltage V , the current I and the resistance R is known as ____ law.

Answer: Ohm

Question MCQ1 : Which of the following experiments can be suitably used to practically verify the laws of refraction?

Answer: Refraction through the glass block experiment

Question MCQ2 : Which of the following is not a right precaution in experiment to determine the refractive index of glass?

Answer: The two pins erected should NOT be straight.

Question MCQ3 : Which of the following experiments can be suitably used to practically determine the angle of minimum deviation?

Answer: Refraction experiment by triangular glass prism

Question MCQ4 : Which of these quantities remains unchanged when light passes from a vacuum into a block of glass_____.

Answer: Frequency

Question MCQ5 : All the following are required as apparatus in refraction using glass block experiment EXCEPT _____.

Answer: G-Clamp

Question MCQ6 : A beam of light is incident on a perfectly smooth body of water. The angle that the REFLECTED ray makes with the normal is _____.

Answer: the same as the angle the incident ray makes with the normal

Question MCQ8 : A five ohm and a ten ohm resistor are connected in parallel, the single resistance "equivalent" to this combination is _____

Answer: 3.33 Ohms

Question MCQ9 : A current of 6 amperes flows through a 2 ohm resistor for 30 seconds. How many coulombs of charge have passed through the resistor?

Answer: 180C

Question MCQ10 : Snell's law is the ratio of sine of angle of incidence to the sine of angle of _____

Answer: diffraction

Question MCQ11 : Which of the following is required in an experiment to determine the focal length of a mirror?

Answer: All the options

Question MCQ12 : In an experiment to verify Snell's law, one must ensure that_____.

Answer: the pins are in line before removing the glass block

Question MCQ13 : Concave mirror is a curved mirror which is silvered_____.

Answer: in its outer side

Question MCQ14 : Convex mirror is a curved mirror which is silvered_____ .

Answer: from inside

Question MCQ15 : A 10 ohm and a 20 ohm resistor are connected in parallel to a current source. What fraction of the current flows through the 20 ohm resistor?

Answer: 1/3

Question MCQ16 : A steady current flows in a metallic conductor of non-uniform cross-section. Which of the following quantity is constant along the conductor?

Answer: current

Question MCQ17 : A galvanometer of resistance $100\ \Omega$ is converted to an ammeter

using resistance of $0.1\ \Omega$. It gives full scale deflection at $100\ \frac{1}{4}\text{A}$. The minimum current in the circuit for maximum deflection is

Answer: $100.1\ \text{mA}$

Question MCQ18 : A rigid container with thermally insulated walls contains a coil of resistance $100\ \Omega$ carrying current $1\ \text{A}$. Change in internal energy after 5 minutes is

Answer: $30\ \text{kJ}$

Question MCQ19 : Which is NOT a characteristic of a series circuit?

Answer: The total resistance is the sum of the reciprocals of the individual resistances.

Question MCQ20 : A charge of $3\ \text{C}$ experiences a force of $3000\ \text{N}$ when it is moved in a uniform electric field. What is the potential difference between two points separated by a distance cm ?

Answer: $10\ \text{V}$

Question MCQ21 : A $20\ \Omega$ resistor and a $60\ \Omega$ resistor are connected in parallel to a voltage source. If the current in the $60\ \Omega$ resistor is one ampere, the current in the $20\ \Omega$ resistor will be:

Answer: $3\ \text{A}$

Question MCQ22 : A virtual image always appears:

Answer: Erect

Question MCQ23 : You want to put up a mirror at a blind corner in a building. Which of the following will give you the largest field of view?

Answer: convex mirror

Question MCQ24 : A small hole in a sheet of aluminum foil is used to diffract yellow light both under water and in a vacuum. Which is true?

Answer: light diffracts less in the water because its wavelength is smaller.

Question MCQ25 : Which one of the following is the advantage of connecting two dry cells in parallel instead of in series? It is because the parallel arrangement:

Answer: has half the internal resistance of a single cell

Question MCQ26 : By which one of the following can a real image be produced? Can it be produced by a:

Answer: concave mirror

Question MCQ27 : When white light passes through a red plate of glass and then through a green plate of glass which one of the following things occur?

Answer: the light is totally absorbed

Question MCQ28 : The number of free electrons per unit volume in copper is n . The electrons each of charge q flowing with velocity v constitute current I . If A is the cross-sectional area of the wire, the current density in the wire is

Answer: nqv/A

Question MCQ29 : If the change in resistance of a copper wire on stretching is 0.4 %, then its length is stretched by
Answer: 0.2 %

Question MCQ30 : If an electron makes 25×10^{15} rev / s around the nucleus of an atom in an orbit of radius 1 Å , the equivalent current is nearly _____.
Answer: 4×10^{-3} A

Question MCQ31 : A light ray traveling from glass into air strikes the glass-air surface at an angle 50 degrees to the normal. If the critical angle for the glass-air combination is 42 degrees, the percentage of light reflected from the surface is
Answer: 100

Question MCQ32 : Which of the following is not a right precaution in an experiment to verify lens formula?
Answer: Images of the first two pins should be in the straight line with the other two pins.

Question MCQ33 : When an object is placed in front of a Convex lens between F and $2F$, the nature of the image formed is _____.
Answer: real and inverted

Question MCQ34 : When a prism is placed in minimum deviation position, the prism ____
Answer: lies symmetrically with respect to incident ray and emergent ray

Question MCQ35 : Which of the following is true for a prism placed at minimum deviation?
Answer: the angle of incidence is equal to angle of emergence

Question MCQ35 : Which of these quantities remains unchanged when light passes from a vacuum into a block of glass _____.
Answer: Frequency

Question MCQ7 : Three resistors which have different values are connected in series. The correct statement is _____.
Answer: The same current passes through all three resistors

Question MCQ35 : Which of these quantities remains unchanged when light passes from a vacuum into a block of glass _____.
Answer: Frequency