FBQ1: Insects or other arthropods that carry disease-causing microorganisms are referred to as Answer: Vectors
FBQ2: is renewable water source. Answer: Fresh water
FBQ3: The Nuclear power accident that occurred in Fukushima (Japan) took place inAnswer: 2011
FBQ4: According to the World Health Organization,talks about human health that includes quality of life that are determined by interactions with physical, biological and social factors in the environment Answer: Environmental health
FBQ5: The 2002 World Health Report indicated that% of global disease burden is due to inadequate water and sanitation. Answer: 5.5
FBQ6: In most African cities, between 50 to% of the population live in grossly inadequate housing conditions Answer: 75
FBQ7: The food borne pathogens campylobacter jejuni usually cause disease known asAnswer: Vibrionic enteritis
FBQ8: Size-building should occupy a maximum of% of the plot size for high density area.  Answer: 50
FBQ9: The food borne pathogens Listeria moncytogene usually cause disease known as Answer: Listeriosis
FBQ10: The disease Shigellosis is caused by pathogenic bacteria known asAnswer: Shigella
FBQ11: The ozone layer protects the earth from excessive radiation Answer: Ultraviolet
FBQ12: The largest portion of atmospheric gases by weight is Answer: Nitrogen
FBQ13: cleanses itself of some air pollutants in a few hours or days Answer: Troposphere

the household residence.  Answer: 100
FBQ15: Water is usually disinfected by using Answer: Chlorine
FBQ16: The Clean Air Act Amendments of gave the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to establish and enforce air pollution standards. Answer: 1970
FBQ17: A UN Conference on Climate Change was held in, in 1997 Answer: Kyoto
FBQ18: On sanitation, Nigeria is highest in hierarchy in Open Defecation practice. Answer: 5th
FBQ19: The insecticide DDT was first discovered in Answer: 1940
FBQ20: The vector for loasis disease is the Answer: Chrysops
FBQ21: The Culex sp. mosquitoes are responsible for the spread of Answer: Lymphatic filariasis
FBQ22: World Health Organization in the year classified waste substances as comprising of solid waste, liquid waste and, gaseous waste Answer: 1990
FBQ23:include refuse from households, non-hazardous solid waste from industrial, commercial and institutional establishments (including hospitals), market waste, yard waste, and street sweepings.  Answer: Municipal solid waste
FBQ24: Plague disease is transmitted by Answer: Flea
FBQ25:can be defined as useless, unwanted or discarded materials that arise from mans' activities. Answer: Solid waste
FBQ26: Mites belong to the order Answer: Arachnida
FBQ27: In addition to spreading epidemic typhus, Tick also causes  Answer: relapsing fever

Answer: Crustacea
FBQ29: Malaria disease is transmitted by Answer: Anopheles mosquito
FBQ30: Yellow fever disease is transmitted by Answer: Aedes mosquito
FBQ31: Trypanosomiasis disease is transmitted by Answer: Glossina
FBQ32: Leishmaniasis disease is transmitted byAnswer: Phlebotomus
FBQ33: The vector for scabies disease is the Answer: Mite
FBQ34: The vector for Enteric infections is the Answer: Housefly
FBQ35: The EnvironmentalAgency has classified Environmental tobacco smoke (ETS) as a Class A carcinogen.  Answer: Protection
MCQ1: Â Insects or other arthropods that carry disease-causing microorganisms are referred to as Answer: vectors
MCQ2: Â Which of the following is renewable water source? Answer: Fresh water
MCQ3: Water shortages can lead to: Answer: Poverty and soil degradation.
MCQ4: Which of the following is not a source of energy? Answer: Water vapour
MCQ5: Nuclear Power can cause damage to the environment because Answer: High-level radioactive waste
MCQ6: The Nuclear power accident that occurred in Fukushima (Japan) took place in Answer: March 2011
MCQ7: Which of the following is TRUE regarding biological hazards? Answer: Living organisms or their products that are harmful to humans
MCQ8: According to the World Health Organization,talks about human health that includes quality of life that are determined by interactions with physical,

biological and social factors in the environment

Answer: Environmental health MCQ9: The control of factors in the environment that exercises, or may exercise harmful effect on the physical development, health and survival of humans is: Answer: Environmental sanitation MCQ10: The 2002 World Health Report indicated that \_\_\_\_\_\_of global disease burden is due to inadequate water and sanitation. Answer: 5.5% MCQ11: One of the principles of healthy housing which is protection against communicable diseases can be achieved through the following except: Answer: Sanitizing lotions only MCQ12: In most African cities, between \_\_\_\_\_ of the population live in grossly inadequate housing conditions. Answer: 50-75% MCQ13: \_\_\_\_\_ often consumes the largest portion of the freshwater supply. Answer: agriculture MCQ14: Which of the following are types of pollutants found in groundwater? Answer: all of the options MCQ15: Which of the following inorganic compounds is NOT of particular health concern in the water system?Â Answer: Iron MCQ16: The main steps of water treatment include which of the following? Answer: All of the options MCQ17: Which of the following is NOT normally used for water disinfection? Answer: evaporation MCQ18: Primary treatment of wastewater is largely a \_\_\_\_\_ process. Answer: mechanical MCQ19: Which of the following is not a primary pollutant? Answer: ozone MCQ20: Particulates may cause which of the following health hazards to humans: Answer: respiratory distress MCQ21: \_\_\_\_\_ may be the primary health problem when a person's bronchial tubes respond to allergens, pollution, etc. resulting in hyperactive airways. Answer: asthma

MCQ22: Which is a potential source of indoor air pollution?

Answer: all of the options

MCQ23: Biological contaminants are most likely aggravated by what problem?

Answer: moisture

MCQ24: Which of the following is a practice used to reduce and manage MSW?

Answer: all of the options

MCQ25: Which of the following is not a method for the disposal of hazardous wastes?

Answer: ISV

MCQ26: Secure landfills require all but one of the following:

Answer: single liners

MCQ27: One of the most effective forms of hazardous waste disposal may be:

Answer: incineration

MCQ28: What is the most common form of waste management in the Nigeria today?

Answer: combustion

MCQ29: Landfills have historically been sources of all but one of the following:

Answer: producers of propane gas

MCQ30: Whenever a person uses his/her property to cause material injury or

annoyance to a neighbor, these actions constitute a \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: Nuisance

MCQ31: Which of the following chemicals is most associated with systemic disease

involving the central nervous system, the gastrointestinal system and the blood forming

tissues?

Answer: lead

MCQ32: How many homologous pairs of chromosomes are there in human nucleus?

Answer: 23

MCQ33: Which of the following sites in the respiratory system is the most likely place

for the carbon dioxide and oxygen to exchange in the blood?

Answer: alveoli

MCQ34: What is the major organ responsible for detoxification in the body?

Answer: liver

MCQ35: Which kind of cells are the primary targets of the AIDS virus?

Answer: helper T-cells (eg. CD4)