

FBQ1: What is ekklesia? _____

Answer: Church

FBQ2: What is Kaleo? _____

Answer: To call

FBQ3: The Jewish sect called Zealots wished to overthrow the Romans by the _____

Answer: use of arms

FBQ4: In the 15th year of the reign of _____ Pontius Pilate was the governor of Judea.

Answer: Emperor Tiberius

FBQ5: The Church of God is _____

Answer: One

FBQ6: A researcher of Church History gathered his data from _____

Answer: Document

FBQ7: The Gospel of _____ was written particularly for the Greeks

Answer: Luke

FBQ8: Jesus was buried in the sepulchre of _____

Answer: Joseph of Arimathea

FBQ9: The words, "Messiah" being Hebrew and "Christos" being Greek refers to _____

Answer: Christ

FBQ10: The Church has one _____

Answer: Virtue

FBQ11: Who is the head of the Church? _____

Answer: Jesus

FBQ12: What did the Jews did in 66 AD _____

Answer: rebel against the Roman empire

FBQ13: The study of Church History offers _____

Answer: Inspiration

FBQ14: Stephen was the first in the Church to have a vision of a _____

Answer: World-wide gospel

FBQ15: Christianity became official religion in the year _____

Answer: 380 AD

FBQ16: Name the Gospel author who was a physician _____

Answer: Luke

FBQ17: After the apostles had been dispersed from persecution Philip established a church in _____

Answer: Samaria

FBQ18: Samaria was the first church to be established outside _____

Answer: Jewish environs

FBQ19: Who was called the King of the Jews? _____

Answer: Jesus

FBQ20: _____ had been bedridden 8 years for he was paralyzed.

Answer: Aeneas

FBQ21: In Joppa there was a disciple called Tabitha, which in Greek was _____

Answer: Dorcas

FBQ22: _____ came to Caesarea and instruct Cornelius a devout Roman officer.

Answer: Peter

FBQ23: Peter continued evangelization at Joppa for some days and he stayed with _____

Answer: Simon a tanner

FBQ24: Paul got approval letter from the high priest to punish the Jews at _____

Answer: Damascus

FBQ25: Who promised that he would send the Holy Spirit? _____

Answer: Christ

FBQ26: Jesus was crucified at _____ hour

Answer: Ninth

FBQ27: The council of _____ was held in 393 AD

Answer: Hippo

FBQ28: _____ was the capital of Syria

Answer: Antioch

FBQ29: Jesus was brought to the highest court in _____

Answer: Jerusalem

FBQ30: Barnabas went to Saul's home in _____ about a hundred miles from Antioch and brought Saul with him to Antioch.

Answer: Tarsus

FBQ31: Jesus committed his spirit into _____

Answer: God's hands

FBQ32: _____ is the title of Agabus in the early church.
Answer: Prophet

FBQ33: _____ of Christ were first called Christians in Antioch
Answer: The followers

FBQ34: Paul set out on a _____ with Silas or Silvanus as his companion.
Answer: second missionary journey

FBQ35: The first Christian church council was held at _____
Answer: Jerusalem

FBQ36: The early Church has the spirit of _____
Answer: Oneness

FBQ37: Timothy was the only companion of Paul in the beginning of his _____
Answer: third missionary journey

FBQ38: The early Church cared for the _____
Answer: Poor

FBQ39: Hebrews was also included in the canon in council of Rome in _____
Answer: 382 AD

FBQ40: The acts and power of Holy Spirit dominates in _____
Answer: Acts of Apostles

FBQ41: The _____ were formed either directly or indirectly by Paul
Answer: seven churches of Asia

FBQ42: The Church is a _____ of Saints
Answer: Communion

FBQ43: for more than 5 years after his arrest, Paul was a _____
Answer: Prisoner

FBQ44: perilous voyage from Caesarea to _____ is seen as 4th Missionary journey
for even in his bonds Paul was still a missionary
Answer: Rome

FBQ45: _____ was the rite of initiation into the Church.
Answer: Baptism

FBQ46: The pouring of water on the head was a _____
Answer: Custom

FBQ47: _____ was martyred in 68 AD
Answer: Paul

FBQ48: The Church was enlarged on _____
Answer: Pentecost

FBQ49: During persecution the Church established mission station at _____
Answer: Samaria

FBQ50: Who headed the Jerusalem persecution? _____
Answer: Paul

MCQ1: Another factor that led to the persecution of the Christian Church was that of _____
Answer: business interest

MCQ2: Paul at Ephesus was thrown into danger of death through the riot incited by _____
Answer: Demetrius the silversmith

MCQ3: The first man selected to be deacon is named _____
Answer: Stephen

MCQ4: The persecutions in the first century, by Nero covers the years _____
Answer: 66 – 68 AD

MCQ5: The first common problem Apostles were facing in the early church was _____
Answer: division

MCQ6: Christianity was instituted officially on the day of _____
Answer: Pentecost

MCQ7: God did extraordinary miracles through Paul so that he uses _____ to heal the sick
Answer: aprons

MCQ8: Another name for Malta is _____
Answer: Melita

MCQ9: Nero set the city of Rome on fire in AD 64 claiming to be _____
Answer: Christians

MCQ10: Polycarp was the first bishop of _____
Answer: Smyrna

MCQ11: Leonidas, was the father of the great theologian _____
Answer: Origen

MCQ12: From the reign of _____ to that of Antoninus Pius (98 – 161 A.D.) Christianity was not recognized, yet was not severely persecuted.

Answer: Trajan

MCQ13: Emperor Septimius earned a title for himself because of his bitterness to the church, which is _____

Answer: Anti-Christ

MCQ14: Fierce persecution broke out anew during the reign of Decius between _____

Answer: 249 – 251 AD

MCQ15: Who was the Bishop of Carthage In about 257 AD _____

Answer: Cyprian

MCQ16: Valerian reigns as emperor in _____

Answer: 257 AD

MCQ17: "The five good emperors", are; Nerva, Trajan, Hadrian, Antoninus Pius and _____

Answer: Marcus Aurelius

MCQ18: Which emperor terminated persecution against Christians in 313 AD _____

Answer: Constantine

MCQ19: Constantine claimed to have seen in the sky a _____ bearing the motto, "Hoc Signo Vincas" – "By this sign thou shalt conquer,"

Answer: A shining cross

MCQ20: On his way to Rome, Ignatius wrote letters to the churches, hoping that he might not lose the honor of _____

Answer: dying for his Lord

MCQ21: In the year _____ Diocletian abdicated the imperial throne

Answer: 305 AD

MCQ22: In 380 A.D., the _____ made Christianity to be recognized as the official religion

Answer: Emperor Theodosius

MCQ23: Constantine set the example of building large churches in _____ Bethlehem, and Constantinople

Answer: Jerusalem

MCQ24: Cessation of the official sacrifices was the third benefit of the Imperial Edict in _____

Answer: 313 AD

MCQ25: _____ was thrown to wild beasts in the Roman amphitheater, around 106 or 110 A. D.

Answer: Ignatius

MCQ26: In 321 A.D., _____ forbade the courts to be held on Sunday
Answer: Constantine

MCQ27: Monica who had pure heart was the mother of _____
Answer: Augustine

MCQ28: The first martyr under Emperor Aurelius was _____, bishop of Smyrna in Asia Minor, who was killed in 155 A. D.
Answer: Polycarp

MCQ29: "Eighty and six years have I served him and He has done, me nothing but good; and how could I curse him, my Lord and Saviour!" who said this _____
Answer: Polycarp

MCQ30: The first Christian writer to use the designation "Novum Testamentum", "New Testament" was _____ in (60-230 A.D.)
Answer: Tertullian

MCQ31: Paul's first letter typically considered as the earliest of letters written is _____
Answer: 1 Thessalonians

MCQ32: _____ martyrdom took place at Rome in 166 A. D.
Answer: Justin Martyr

MCQ33: The first set of disciples of Jesus were originally _____
Answer: Fishermen

MCQ34: Emperor Caracalla (211 – 217 A. D.) conferred _____ upon every person who is not a slave throughout the empire.
Answer: citizenship

MCQ35: Mark was the associate of _____
Answer: Peter

MCQ36: Soon afterward, in 313 A.D., Constantine promulgated his famous Edict of Toleration, which officially put an end to _____
Answer: the persecutions

MCQ37: Christians had conflicts with heathens who prided themselves in _____
Answer: idol worship

MCQ38: Scholars refer to the 2-volume work of Luke as _____
Answer: Acts of the Apostles

MCQ39: The last remaining apostle of Jesus towards the end of 1st Century is _____

Answer: John

MCQ40: The secret meetings of Christians aroused _____

Answer: suspicion

MCQ41: A few scholars have argued that the 4 Gospels and part of Acts were formerly written in _____

Answer: Aramaic

MCQ42: the original documents in the authors' own scripts is _____

Answer: autograph

MCQ43: The word "pagan" originally meant _____

Answer: country dweller

MCQ44: Verse separations were not made until the age of _____

Answer: Printing

MCQ45: Estienne's 4th edition of the Greek NT, which appeared in 1551 in 2 small volumes at _____ was the first to contain the verse divisions.

Answer: Geneva

MCQ46: The Greek word "kanon" denotes _____

Answer: measuring rod

MCQ47: The seven letters in Revelation were addressed to churches in _____

Answer: Asia Minor

MCQ48: Marcion completely rejected the _____ as canonical.

Answer: OT books

MCQ49: Irenaeus is the _____ of the 2nd Century

Answer: Church father

MCQ50: The fourth gain of Constantine edict to Christians was the consecration of _____

Answer: temples as Churches