



Answer: Platform FBQ31: invented the word â€~Philosophy Answer: Pythagoras FBQ32: The Greek word philia is coined from the Greek verb Answer: Philein FBQ33: distinguished philosophy as natural wisdom from sacred theology which is revealed religion. **Answer: Thomas Aguinas** FBQ34: ____ defined philosophy as "the knowledge of then truthâ€ Answer: Aristotle FBQ35: The word †philosophy†in the following statement, †whis philosophy of lifeâ€□ means Answer: Attitude MCQ1: In the Classical Greek period, philosophical emphasis shifted from the concentration on the world of nature to a more Answer: Metaphysical interest MCQ2: What is the first of all concept? Answer: Concept of being MCQ3: Who set out to construct a system of truth in which nothing would be taken for granted except that which is self-evident. Answer: Rene Descartes MCQ4: What part of human being is considered immaterial? Answer: Mind MCQ5: The idea that God is the direct creator of all the various species that exist in the universe is from the Answer: Fixims MCQ6: The problem of Universal has led to different doctrines and ideologies such as Answer: Idealism MCQ7: The problem of the Universal was first introduced by Answer: Plato MCQ8: Plato identified two worlds, which are the world of sensible objects and the world of Answer: Ideas MCQ9: Who proposed that universal exist neither in themselves nor in the things of our experience?

Answer: The Nominalists

MCQ10: The measure of moveable bodies is called

Answer: Place

MCQ11: Who coined the phrase ta meta ta physika biblia?

Answer: Andronicus of Rhodes

MCQ12: The branch of philosophy which subject matter includes the concept of

existence is called Answer: Metaphysics

MCQ13: What branch of philosophy examines the nature of Art and the character of

our experience of art? Answer: Aesthetic

MCQ14: The method that attempt to arrive at criteria or conditions which will guide our judgement of concepts and issues to establish criteria for evaluating them is known as

Answer: Prescriptive

MCQ15: The historical method of philosophy is also known as

Answer: Great mind approach

MCQ16: Which of the following is true about the scientific status of philosophy?

Answer: Universal science

MCQ17: What is the material object of philosophy and theology?

Answer: God

MCQ18: Which of the following is right about the philosophical perception of God?

Answer: First efficient cause of being

MCQ19: The refusal to accept that there is any knowledge is called

Answer: Scepticism

MCQ20: Since man's reasoning is limited therefore, his truth about God is a

Answer: Limited truth

MCQ21: Who compared a philosopher with poet?

Answer: Aquinas

MCQ22: The statement, "wonder is the mother of metaphysics†was made by

Answer: William James

MCQ23: Xenophanes was the oldest of the

Answer: Eleatic school

MCQ24: A vicious attitude of mind can be described as

Answer: Sophistry

MCQ25: Who considered his business as not construction of knowledge but helping men to give birth to knowledge that is within them?

Answer: Socrates

MCQ26: To Aristotle, all that exist in everything are intelligible and immaterial elements

called

Answer: Form

MCQ27: The idea of logic as the science of the laws of thought or the science of

reasoning is from Answer: Irvin Copi

MCQ28: On the definition of philosophy, philosophers do not have a significant

Answer: Agreement

MCQ29: The divergence in the use of the word philosophy is responsible for the various

Answer: Conceptions of philosophy

MCQ30: Philosophy is the construction of theories about the nature of the universe is

Answer: An erroneous definition

MCQ31: Who among the Greek philosophers believed that wisdom does not consist in

knowing multitude of facts but in having a unified view of reality?

Answer: Heraclitus

MCQ32: A true philosopher is a dialectician was a position held by

Answer: Plato

MCQ33: That †philosophy is a personal attitude towards life and the universe'

was whose idea Answer: Harold Titus

MCQ34: Who compared a philosopher with poet?

Answer: Aquinas

MCQ35: Who maintained that the primary substance from which all things are made

from is Fire?

Answer: Heraclitus