FBQ1: A The upward function of Quran focuses on one Supreme Answer: God
FBQ2: The function of Quran that borders on human affairs from personal matters to complex international relations is called Answer: Upward function
FBQ3: What is the name of the written record of all the sayings and did of Mohammad? Answer: Hadith
FBQ4: Hadith is regarded as a commentary to Answer: Quran
FBQ5: What does the Sharia leaves contained? Answer: Quran and Hadith
FBQ6: The legal science in the sense of human interpretation of Sharia is known as
Answer: Fiqh
FBQ7: The Fiqh applies Sharia to new cases through Answer: Qiya
FBQ8: The foundation of the Church at Copt city is attributed to Answer: St Mark
FBQ9: Another name for Egypt given by the Arabian is Answer: Misr
FBQ10: is the meaning of Misrayim Answer: Fortified city
FBQ11: The national basis of the Byzantine is Answer: Greece
FBQ12: Constantinople, the capital of Constantine was established in Answer: 330AD
FBQ13: Before the rise of Islam, the 2 super-power are and Answer: Byzantine and Persia
FBQ14: Another name for Byzantine empire is Answer: Rum
FBQ15: Under Sharia law, Ijma means Answer: Consensus
FBQ16: The Supreme God and Creator of the Zorastians is called

Answer: The author of life and goodness
FBQ18: According to Zorastians, is the creator of evil and death Answer: Ahrimon
FBQ19: The religion Islam began in Answer: Arabia
FBQ20: was the founder of Zorastian Answer: Zaruthustra
FBQ21: The founder of Manichaeeism is called Answer: Mani
FBQ22: Manichaeeism is an early religion in Answer: Persia
FBQ23: The Arabian traditional religion believed in an overall God called Answer: Allah
FBQ24: In the Quran, the religious status of Abraham was regarded as neither a nor a Answer: Jew nor a Christian
FBQ25: The Christian term for Pagan is called Answer: Hamper
FBQ26: Abraham in Quran 3:67 was regarded as a Answer: Hanif
FBQ27: The anthropomorphic description of God in the Old Testament of the Bible was rejected by the Answer: Â
FBQ28: denied the divine nature of Jesus Christ as well as His been a saviour but holds that He was born of virgin Mary. Answer: Quran
FBQ29: The word â€~Spirit' is translated as in the Quran. Answer: Ruhu
FBQ30: Ruhu is described in the Quran as having both the and nature Answer: Feminine and Masculine
FBQ31: According to the Holy spirit can be identified with Jesus Christ Answer: Epiphanius



Answer: Quran

MCQ13: What is the standard prayer for every occasion?

Answer: Fatiha

MCQ14: Quran is said to be dynamic, practical and moderate in its

Answer: Form and character

MCQ15: The three main characteristic of Quran are

Answer: Dynamic, Practical and Moderate

MCQ16: The three functions of Quran can be described as

Answer: Inward, Outward and Upward

MCQ17: The Inward function of Quran penetrates

Answer: Innermost recess of the heart

MCQ18: Sahih is one of the collections of

Answer: Hadith

MCQ19: What is the practical application of the Hadith in its theoretical usage?

Answer: Sunna

MCQ20: What Islamic legal means stipulates the law of God and provides guidance for

the regulation of life in the best interest of man?

Answer: Sharia

MCQ21: Who described Judaeo-Christianity as neither Christian nor Jews, nor Greek

(pagan) but something in between?

Answer: Epiphanius

MCQ22: After the death of Mohammad, who among the successors made considerable

development of religious literatures, legal studies and commentaries on the Quran

(tafsir)?

Answer: Umayyad

MCQ23: The three ways by which Umayyad states generate their revenue are

Answer: Kharaj, Zakat and Jizya

MCQ24: What was the name of Mohammad's travelling companion?

Answer: Maysara

MCQ25: What was the language that replaced Coptic in most of the liturgy of the Copt?

Answer: Arabic

MCQ26: The Arab cultural life was initially dominated by

Answer: Oral literature

MCQ27: Who were the early inhabitants of Palestine?

Answer: Canaanite

MCQ28: Judeo-Christianity was condemned by

Answer: Paul

MCQ29: Why did the Judaeo-Christian devoted themselves to daily ablutions?

Answer: To obtain cure from illness

MCQ30: What was the principal source of Judaeo-Christianity?

Answer: Pseudo-Clementine

MCQ31: How many categories of people were entitled to succeed Mohammad after his

demise? Answer: 4

MCQ32: The official language of the Misrayim is called

Answer: Coptic

MCQ33: What was the predominant religion of the Byzantine since the time of

Constantine?MCQ34: The official language of the Byzantine empire was

Answer: Greek

MCQ35: The Constantinople was separated from the Constantine after the death of

Answer: Theodosius