

Default for POL223

The default category for questions shared in context 'POL223'.

Fill in the Blank (FBQs)

FBQ1

Political economy can simply be referred to as the study of production, trade and their relations with law, customs and government and distribution of \_\_\_\_\_ and income

\*Wealth\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ2

Marxian political economy emphasises effective state \_\_\_\_\_ in the economic process.

\*Intervention\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ3

The political economy neo-classical approach is a midstream between the Marxian and \_\_\_\_\_ orientation

\*Classical\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ4

In primitive communal society, people used \_\_\_\_\_ and stones as instruments of labour

\*Sticks\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ5

The main proponent of the Marxian school of thought is \_\_\_\_

\*Karl Marx\*

1.0000000

\*Marx\*

1.0000000

FBQ6

Karl Marx posits that it is not articles made, but how they are made and by what \_\_\_\_\_, that enable us to distinguish different economic epochs

\*Instrument\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ7

The Neo-Classical Political Economy gained prominence with the writings of \_\_\_\_?

\*John Keynes\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ8

The objects of labour that have already experienced the impact of human labour but require further processing are called \_\_\_\_\_

\*Raw materials\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ9

Political economy seeks to explain the causes of the asymmetrical relations between developed and developing nations in the international division of \_\_\_\_\_ and exchange

\*Labour\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ10

Means of labour and objects of labour together constitutes means of \_\_\_\_\_

\*Production\*

1.0000000

FBQ11

It is common knowledge that \_\_\_\_\_ labour constitutes the decisive factor of the production process

\*Human\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ12

The \_\_\_\_\_ political economy has otherwise been referred to as Laissez faire political economy because of its emphasis on free enterprise

\*Classical\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ13

The relationship between people in the process of production, exchange, distribution and the consumption of material wealth are called relations of \_\_\_\_\_ or economic relation

\*Production\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ14

Political economist asserts that the basis of society can be \_\_\_\_\_ or non-antagonistic

\*Antagonistic\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ15

The Means of \_\_\_\_\_ and objects of labour together constitutes forces of production

\*Labour\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ16

The central teachings of the work of Karl Marx work is the incisive analysis of the \_\_\_\_\_ and weaknesses of capitalism

\*Strengths\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ17

The owners of the means of production in a \_\_\_\_\_ society are referred as the bourgeoisie

\*Capitalist\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ18

The difference between what the proletariat produces and what he actually takes home in the form of his wage is known as \_\_\_\_

\*Surplus Value\*

1.0000000

\*Social surplus\*

1.0000000

FBQ19

The five different socio-economic formations in the history of mankind identified by Karl Marx are the primitive communalism, slave owning, feudalism, capitalism and \_\_\_\_\_

\*Communism\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ20

The main \_\_\_\_\_ force of the society are the working class

\*Productive\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ22

According to Marx, there is an \_\_\_\_\_ competition between the opposing classes in any epoch

\*Antagonistic\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ23

The class struggle in the \_\_\_\_\_ era was between the lords and serfs

\*Feudal\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ24

Marx identifies a \_\_\_\_\_ class as a group of persons that share a similar relationship to the means of production

\*Social\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ25

According to Max Weber, a social class consists of persons who share a similar relationship in the \_\_\_\_\_ place

\*Market\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ26

The \_\_\_\_\_ contends that means of production are not in themselves capital

\*Marxist\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ27

According to Marx, the history of all hitherto existing societies is the history of \_\_\_\_\_ struggle

\*Class\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ28

Simply put, \_\_\_\_\_ is the value that, through the exploitation of wage workers, begets surplus value

\*Capital\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ29

Karl Marx observed that class struggle existed between the slaves and slave master under the \_\_\_\_\_ owning mode of production

\*Slave\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ30

Marx used the concept of class to describe the relationship of individuals to the means of \_\_\_\_\_

\*Production\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ31

The feudal epoch was characterised chiefly by \_\_\_\_\_ ownership

\*Land\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ31

During the feudal era, the stratification system places the \_\_\_\_\_ at the bottom of the ladder

\*Serfs\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ32

During the necessary time in the feudal era, the peasants produced what was needed for the subsistence of his \_\_\_\_\_

\*Family\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ33

Marx and Engelâ€™s proved that the division of society into classes is linked with the appearance of private ownership of the means of \_\_\_\_\_

\*Production\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ34

Marx argued that technological advances enable capitalists to replace workers with \_\_\_\_\_ as a means of earning greater profits

\*Machinery\*

1.0000000

\*Machine\*

1.0000000

FBQ35

Modernisation theory seeks to identify differences on how societies designated as modernised or relatively modernising societies differ from one \_\_\_\_\_

\*Another\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ36

Ghosh described dependency as a form of unequal international relationship between two sets of \_\_\_\_\_

\*Countries\*

1.0000000

\*Nations\*

1.0000000

FBQ37

In the views of Paul Baran, development and underdevelopment are polar extremes of the process of worldwide \_\_\_\_\_

\*Accumulation\*

1.0000000

\*Exploitation\*

1.0000000

FBQ38

In the views of Paul Baran, development and underdevelopment are polar extremes of the process of worldwide \_\_\_\_\_

\*Accumulation\*

1.0000000

\*Exploitation\*

1.0000000

FBQ39

The exploitation of the peasant serfs in the form of land rent constituted the main feature of the \_\_\_\_\_ era

\*Feudal\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ40

Samir Amin opined that the falling rate of profit, which engulfed capitalism in the 19th century, was caused by \_\_\_\_\_ and under-consumption.

\*Over production\*

1.0000000

1.0000000

FBQ41

In the views of Samir Amin, the solution to the ensuing crisis in world economy was in the expansion of \_\_\_\_\_ market into the global periphery

\*Capitalist\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ42

Political economist asserts that states become imperialist for several reasons, which may be economic, \_\_\_\_\_ or ideological

\*Political\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ43

Samir Amin divided world capitalism into the core (satellite) and \_\_\_\_\_

\*Periphery\*

1.0000000

\*Metropole\*

0.0000000

FBQ44

Classical or liberal theorists contends that imperialism is not a product of capitalism but a response to certain maladjustments within the contemporary \_\_\_\_\_ system

\*Capitalist\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ45

Subsequent scholars of Marxian orientation are of the opinion that the only way to end imperialism is to end \_\_\_\_\_

\*Capitalism\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ46

Colonialism implies foreign political \_\_\_\_\_ and subordination of oversea territories for effective economic exploitation

\*Domination\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ47

One of the obnoxious policies of the colonial era was the use of \_\_\_\_\_ Labour.

\*Forced\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ48

The goal of colonial education was to produce a body of \_\_\_\_\_ workers that will help enhance the domination and expropriation of surplus from Africa to metropole Europe.

\*Subordinate\*

1.0000000

1.0000000

FBQ49

Nkrumah described neo-colonialism as a definite and last stage in the development of \_\_\_\_\_

\*Imperialism\*

1.0000000

0.0000000

FBQ50

Contemporary globalisation is highly \_\_\_\_\_ based

\*Information\*

1.0000000

\*Information and Communication Technology\*

1.0000000

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)



MCQ1

Political economy concerns itself with the interplay of \_\_\_\_\_ and economy in the determination of power relation.

Politics

1.0000000

Gender

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

Friendship

0.0000000

MCQ2

It is a historical science, which shows how society develops from lower to \_\_\_\_\_ stages

Heavier

0.0000000

Slower

0.0000000

Higher

1.0000000

Punchier

0.0000000

MCQ3

laissez faire in political economy implies \_\_\_\_\_

Closed market

0.0000000

Open Market Operation

0.0000000

Free Enterprise

1.0000000

Demand and supply

0.0000000

MCQ4

\_\_\_\_\_ is the major proponent of Marxian school of thought

Vladimir Putin

0.0000000

Adams Smith

0.0000000

Alfred Marshall

0.0000000

Karl Marx

1.0000000

MCQ5

Political economy seeks to explain the causes of the asymmetrical relations between developed and developing nations in the international division of labour and

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Gender

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

Exchange

1.0000000

Classical brouhaha

0.0000000

MCQ6

Marx posits that the \_\_\_\_\_ is the superstructure upon which other structures stand on in the society

Structure

0.0000000

Angle

0.0000000

Economy

1.0000000

Motive

0.0000000

MCQ7

Political economy studies human interaction with specific focus on the social relationships of \_\_\_\_\_

Marketing

0.0000000

Empowerment

0.0000000

Production

1.0000000

Consumption

0.0000000

MCQ8

The concept "Political Economy" was first conceived by \_\_\_\_

Antoine de Montchrestien

1.0000000

Sarduna

0.0000000

Mandela

0.0000000

Gunder Frank

0.0000000

MCQ9

The object and instrument of \_\_\_\_\_ for Karl Marx constitute the mode of production

War

0.0000000

Army

0.0000000

Labour

1.0000000

Women

0.0000000

MCQ10

According to Marx, social class is a group of persons that share a similar relationship to the \_\_\_\_\_

Means of class suicide

0.0000000

Means of hatred

0.0000000

Means of achievement

0.0000000

Means of production

1.0000000

MCQ11

Political economy divides the society into social classes based on the economic capabilities of social \_\_\_\_\_

Ingredients

0.0000000

Actors

1.0000000

Bruhaha

0.0000000

Wings

0.0000000

MCQ12

\_\_\_\_\_ value is also known as social plus

Farming

0.0000000

Powerful

0.0000000

Surplus

1.0000000

Leadership

0.0000000

MCQ13

According to Marx capitalism is pregnant with the seed of its own destruction

Destruction

1.0000000

Isolation

0.0000000

Success

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

MCQ14

Surplus value implies the difference between what the \_\_\_\_\_ produce and what they take home is called \_\_\_\_

Soldiers

0.0000000

Women

0.0000000

Government

0.0000000

Proletariat

1.0000000

MCQ15

Marx posit that the proletarian revolution will eventually lead to the enthronement of \_\_\_\_\_

Socialism

1.0000000

Fundamentalism

0.0000000

Evolutionism

0.0000000

Kleptomism

0.0000000

MCQ16

The classical approach to political economy argues against the utility of restriction in \_\_\_\_\_

International war

0.0000000

International events

0.0000000

International trade

1.0000000

International plans

0.0000000

MCQ17

Marx asserts that it is not the \_\_\_\_\_ of men that determine their well being; rather their social being

Consciousness

1.0000000

Religion

0.0000000

Hatred

0.0000000

Sacrifice

0.0000000

MCQ18

In his Material conception of History, \_\_\_\_\_ argues that the manner of relationship in the production process is man against nature, and man against man

Marx

1.0000000

Lenin

0.0000000

Socrates

0.0000000

Plato

0.0000000

MCQ19

According to Marx, the historical approach in the evolution of the modern society includes; primitive communalism, slavery, feudalism, \_\_\_\_\_ and communism

Marxnetalism

0.0000000

Socialism

0.0000000

Capitalism

1.0000000  
Utopianism

0.0000000  
MCQ20  
Scholars of Marxian orientation conceive the classical orientation to political economy as \_\_\_\_\_

Udeogilistic

0.0000000  
Ceteris peri bus

0.0000000  
Vulgar

1.0000000  
Ebelenitanism

0.0000000  
MCQ21  
The working hour of the peasant serfs in the primitive era is divided into \_\_\_\_\_and surplus time

Productive time

0.0000000  
Necessary time

1.0000000  
Unnecessary time

0.0000000  
Time

0.0000000  
MCQ22  
The centrepiece of Marx work is an incisive analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of \_\_\_\_\_

Capitalism

1.0000000  
Socialism

0.0000000  
Feudalism

0.0000000  
Communism

0.0000000  
MCQ23  
Marx argued that all commodity value is determined by \_\_\_\_\_

labour content

1.0000000  
Community content

0.0000000  
Intellectual content

0.0000000  
Market content

0.0000000  
MCQ24  
The status of \_\_\_\_\_ in the feudal era is called serfdom

Peasants

1.0000000  
Chiefs

0.0000000  
Capitalists

0.0000000  
Socialists

0.0000000  
MCQ25  
The \_\_\_\_\_ mode of production emerged during the last stage of feudalism

Socialism

0.0000000  
Utopianism

0.0000000  
Capitalist

1.0000000  
Realism

0.0000000



MCQ26

The \_\_\_\_\_mode of production undergone two stages i.e.pre “ monopoly capitalism and monopoly capitalism

Monopolism

0.0000000

Aggregism

0.0000000

Feudalism

0.0000000

Capitalist

1.0000000

MCQ27

According to Lenin, political economy does not only deal with production but the social relations of men in production and the \_\_\_\_\_

Social power of power

0.0000000

Social power of system

0.0000000

Social system of production

1.0000000

Social power of men

0.0000000

MCQ28

To political economist, the fundamental difference between man and animals appeared when man began to make \_\_\_\_\_

Salary

0.0000000

Tools

1.0000000

Marriage

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

MCQ29

Modernization theorist argues that the major causes of underdevelopment among third world nations are rooted in the existence of conservative \_\_\_\_\_ and economic barriers

Culture

1.0000000

Powers

0.0000000

Women

0.0000000

Reactions

0.0000000

MCQ30

The dependency theory resonated as a response to the writings of \_\_\_\_\_

Raul Prebisch

1.0000000

Gunder Frank

0.0000000

Ibn Kal Dum

0.0000000

Bob Marley

0.0000000

MCQ31

Marx posits that it is not articles made, but how they are made and by what instrument, that enable us to distinguish between different \_\_\_\_\_ epochs.

Missing

0.0000000

Classical

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

Economic

1.0000000

MCQ32

The 1950s \_\_\_\_\_ theory is traceable to writings of American social scientists

Educational

0.0000000

Modernisation

1.0000000

European

0.0000000

Asian

0.0000000

MCQ33

Means of labour and objects of labour together constitutes means of\_\_\_\_\_

Political economy

0.0000000

Power

0.0000000

Production

1.0000000

Slavery

0.0000000

MCQ34

The basis of society can be antagonistic or \_\_\_\_\_

Non-antagonistic.

1.0000000

Non Pluralistic

0.0000000

Non semantics

0.0000000

Non-economic

0.0000000

MCQ35

For Max Weber, a social class consists of persons who share a similar relationship in the \_\_\_\_\_ place.

Arena

0.0000000

Market

1.0000000

Classical epoch

0.0000000

Stratification

0.0000000

MCQ36

Marx contents that the state only exists for the protection of private ownership and the \_\_\_\_\_ of production

Scale

0.0000000

Means

1.0000000

People

0.0000000

Matter

0.0000000

MCQ37

The \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the owners or propertied class in a capitalist society.

Serf

0.0000000

Proletariat

0.0000000

Bourgeoisie

1.0000000

Anointed

0.0000000

MCQ38

Class Struggle implies the \_\_\_\_\_ competition between the opposing classes in any epoch.

antagonistic

1.0000000

Critical

0.0000000

Silent

0.0000000

Powerful

0.0000000

MCQ39

In his popular work *Capital: A Critique of Political Economy*, Marx posits that capitalistic production presupposes the existence of masses of capital and labour power in the hands of producers of \_\_\_\_\_.

Market

0.0000000

Commodities

1.0000000

Services

0.0000000

Wisdom

0.0000000

MCQ40

For Lenin, the development of \_\_\_\_\_ will ultimately lead to communism

Feudalism

0.0000000

Socialism

1.0000000

Capitalism

0.0000000

Realism

0.0000000

MCQ41

The Primitive Accumulation of Capital is the process by which the condition necessary for the emergency of \_\_\_\_\_ is created.

Corporatism

0.0000000

Hinduism

0.0000000

Dogmatism

0.0000000

Capitalism

1.0000000

MCQ42

Marx, Engels and Lenin were of the opinion that communist socio-economic formation, which replaces capitalism, will not appear all at once in its \_\_\_\_\_ form

Final

1.0000000

Major

0.0000000

Sudden

0.0000000

Crisis

0.0000000

MCQ43

Lenin posits that the only scientific distinction between socialism and communism is that socialism is the first stage of the new society arising out of \_\_\_\_\_

Capitalism

1.0000000

Feudalism

0.0000000

Socialism

0.0000000

Victorianism

0.0000000

MCQ44

Aristotle posits that the difference between a good political arrangement and a bad one is located in terms of successes or failures in facilitating people's ability to \_\_\_\_\_ lives.

Victorious

0.0000000

Defeating

0.0000000

Flourishing

1.0000000

Commanding

0.0000000

MCQ45

In the popular work, Imperialism: The Highest Stage of Capitalism, Lenin identified imperialism as the \_\_\_\_\_ stage of capitalism

Monopoly

1.0000000

Interesting

0.0000000

Sustainable

0.0000000

Manageable

0.0000000

MCQ46

W.W. Rostow outlined five stages, which societies pass through in their progression as traditional stage, pre-condition to take off, take off stage, \_\_\_\_\_ and the stage of high mass

Divine history

0.0000000

Drive to modernity

1.0000000

Socialism to Communism

0.0000000

Globalization

0.0000000

MCQ47

According to Paul Baran, development and underdevelopment are polar extremes of the process of \_\_\_\_\_ accumulation.

Europe wide

0.0000000

Western wide

0.0000000

Country wide

0.0000000

Worldwide

1.0000000

MCQ48

Actual economic surplus is the difference between society's actual current output and its actual current \_\_\_\_\_

Creativity

0.0000000

Production

0.0000000

Safe guard

0.0000000

Consumption.

1.0000000

MCQ49

Tribalism, sectionalism, epidemics of leadership failures and gross abuse of state power has remained central to persistent crises of armed conflicts and \_\_\_\_\_ in Africa

Modernization

0.0000000

Victory

0.0000000

Powerlessness

0.0000000

Underdevelopment

1.0000000

MCQ50

Nkrumah described neo-colonialism as a definite, insidious, complex, dangerous and last stage in the development of \_\_\_\_\_ than the old colonialism.

Imperialism

1.0000000

Commotion

0.0000000



Recklessness

0.

0000000

Turbulences

0.0000000