



**DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LAW**

**SET 1 2021\_1 EXAMINATION QUESTIONS**

**JUNE 2021\_1 EXAMINATION**

**COURSE TITLE: OIL AND GAS LAW 11**

**COURSE CODE: PUL 412**

**ANSWER FOUR QUESTIONS ONLY**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS**

**QUESTION NO. ONE IS COMPULSORY**

1. a. Noise pollution is now a common occurrence in urban areas where commercial and industrial activities are part of everyday life. A major contribution to this type of pollution comes from vehicular activities when horns are blared indiscriminately by impatient drivers. What are the causes of noise pollution?
- b. Do you agree that the objectives of equity participation by Nigeria as set out in the Land Mark Legislation of 1969 have been achieved?
2. The victims of oil pollution in the Niger- Delta are the local inhabitants whose farmlands, fish ponds, lakes, creeks and even residential accommodation are either severely degraded or outrightly destroyed, following oil spills. List five cases and briefly state the facts of the cases which clearly depict the picture of oil spill incidents in the oil producing areas of Nigeria.
3. The Nigerian Government has over the years been conscious of the debilitating effect of gas flaring on the environment. Government decided to abate or reduce gas flaring to the barest minimum. How?

4. In the case of S.P.D.C. NIG LTD V LALIBO (2009) 14 N.W.L.R. (Part 1162) 564, The Court of Appeal said, that the High court that tried a claim arising from oil spillage caused by faulty flow station, had no jurisdiction to do so, that the only the Court that can entertain such claim is the Federal High court. What was the rational of this decision advanced by the Court of Appeal?
5. What do you understand by Equity participation in the oil industry?
6. A common feature of a Joint Operating Agreement is a provision or clause therein establishing an Operating Committee. Explain the functions of these organs in joint venture oil operations.