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## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI - ABUJA FACULTY OF SCIENCES

#### DEPARTMENT OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

2021\_1 EXAMINATIONS ...

COURSE CODE: PHY311

COURSE TITLE: KINETIC THEORY AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

CREDIT UNIT: 2

TIME ALLOWED: (2 HRS)

**INSTRUCTION:** Answer question 1 and any other three questions

### **QUESTION 1**

(a) Define the following terms;

i- ensemble ii- microstate iii-macrostates

[9 marks]

- (b) In how many independent ways can 200 molecules be divided evenly between the two halves of a box [5marks]
- (c) How many macrostates are there that correspond to 150 molecules in one half of the box and 50 in the other. [5marks]
- (d) What is the entropies for the two cases above?

[6 marks]

#### **QUESTION 2**

(a) With aid of well label diagram distinguish between Energy level, Energy state and degeneracy

[10marks]

(b) Show that the Boltzmann equation describing the Microstate W of a system of entropy is

$$S = k_{\beta} In W$$
 [5marks]

#### **QUESTION 3**

- (a) Two states with energy difference  $4.83 \times 10^{-21} joule$  occur with relative probability  $e^2$ . Calculate the temperature.( Take  $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} j/K$ ) [7marks]
- (b) A system can take only three different energy states  $\varepsilon_1 = 0$ ,  $\varepsilon_2 = 1.38 \times 10^{-21} joule$  and  $\varepsilon_3 = 2.76 \times 10^{-21} joule$ . These three state can occur in 2,

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5 and 4 different ways respectively. Find the probability that at temperature 100K the system may be in

i- one of the microstate of the energy  $\varepsilon_3$ 

ii- the ground state energy  $\varepsilon_1$ 

[8marks]

## **QUESTION 4**

- (a) Show that the work done on the body in a reversible process at constant temperature is the change of Helmholtz free energy. [5marks]
- (b) show that the entropy of a system in a canonical ensemble can be expressed as

$$\sigma = \sum_{i} \rho_{i} \log \rho_{i}$$

[10marks]

## **QUESTION 5**

- (a) Eight similar cons are tossed for a large number of times. Calculate
- (i) The Probability of getting the heads of 5 coins uppermost
- (ii) The probability of most probable combination
- (iii) The probability of least probable combination.

[9marks]

- (b) Calculate the probability that in tossing a coin 10 times we get
- (i) all heads
- (ii) 5 heads 5 tails

(iii) 3 heads 7 tails

[6marks]