



**NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA**  
**FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES**  
**DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS**  
**2021\_1 EXAMINATION**

**COURSE TITLE: APPLIED QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS**

**COURSE CODE: ECO 729**

**UNITS: 2**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS**

**INSTRUCTION: ANSWER QUESTION (ONE) AND ANY OTHER (TWO) QUESTIONS**

**Question 1**

- a) What is a forecast error? **(6 marks)**  
 b) Given two hypothetical forecasting methods, 1 and 2 in the table below with actual demand and forecast years.

		Hypothetical Forecasting Method 1			Hypothetical Forecasting Method 2		
	Actual		Forecast	Absolute		Forecast	Absolute
	Demand	Forecast	Error	Deviation	Forecast		
Year	At	Ft			Ft		
1	310	315			370		
2	365	375			455		
3	395	390			305		
4	415	405			535		
5	450	435			390		
6	465	480			345		

- i. Calculate the forecast error for each forecasting method **(8 marks)**  
 ii. Calculate the absolute deviation each forecasting method **(8 marks)**  
 iii. Calculate the Mean Absolute Deviation (MAD) each forecasting method **(8 marks)**

**Question 2**

- a) The Table below shows the correlation between the existing PMS and Organisational Climate

X	3	21	18	64	14
Y	14	67	32	5	2

Use the simple correlation (r) method to find if there is strong correlation between the Existing PMS and Organisational Climate **(12 marks)**

- b) Briefly discuss the key differences between qualitative and quantitative research **(8 marks)**

**Question 3**

a) Why are moving averages useful

(8 marks)

b) Storage shed sales at Wallace Garden Supply are shown in the Table below, use a 3-month moving average to forecast for the next January (12 marks)

Month	Actual Shed Sales
January	10
February	12
March	13
April	16
May	19
June	23
July	26
August	30
September	28
October	18
November	16
December	14
January	-

#### Question 4

a) List and explain the basic properties of a linear program

(8 marks)

b) **Given a Simplex Method**

Let labour = L, Physical Capital = PC and Technology =T

The objective function is categorized as:

$$\text{Maximize profit} = 200p + 300q$$

$$\text{subject to} \quad \frac{3}{2}p + 2q \leq 2,400 \quad (\text{labour available})$$

$$p + 3q \leq 2,400 \quad (\text{Physical Capital required})$$

$$p \leq 1,200 \quad (\text{Technology Required})$$

$$p, q \geq 0 \quad (\text{Non-negativity Constraint})$$

Present this problem in the initial tableau and find the column with the largest negative indicator on the bottom row. (note what is required is only step 1 and 2) (12 marks)