

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI-ABUJA FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE 2021_1 EXAMINATION ...

COURSE CODE: CIT843

COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

CREDIT UNIT: 2 TIME ALLOWED: 2HRS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER THREE

- 1.a. Using your own examples list 4 items that constitute or make up the following data management concepts.
 - i. Database-level data validation and its implementation (2 marks)
 - ii. User-interface data security and its implementation (2 marks)
 - iii. Database-level redundancy, its problems and minimization (2 marks)
 - iv. User-interface data validation and its implementation (2 marks)
 - v. Database-level data security and its implementation (2 marks)
- b. Database recovery is one of the main services provided by database management systems (2.5marks)
- I. Describe five types of failure that may occur in a database environment
 - ii. Discuss how the log file is a fundamental feature in any recovery mechanism by describing: (4 marks)

the contents of the log file

the write-ahead log protocol

how the log file is used in forward and backward recovery

how checkpoints affect the recovery protocol

c. A Database can be defined as a self-describing collection of integrated records (2 marks)

Explain the meaning and the importance of the term "self-describing".

- d. A company wants to move its current file-based system to a database system. In many
 - ways, this can be seen as a good decision. Identify and describe four disadvantages

adopting a database approach (2.5marks)

- e. Briefly explain the UNION and INTERSECTION and show an example of SQL statement of how the terms are implemented *(4 marks)*
- (i). Union

in

- (ii). Intersection
- 2.a. The table shown below stores details of students and the overall grade each student obtained in different modules. The Primary Key is (StudentID, ModuleID). (8marks)

Results

<u>StudentID</u>	StudentName	ModuleID	ModuleName	Grade
S001	Smith	M01	Java	Α
S001	Smith	M02	Databases	В
S002	Ford	M01	Java	В

- (i) Which Normal Form does the above table violate and why?
- (ii) Give an example of an update anomaly and an example of a delete anomaly that may occur if the table is left un-normalized. Explain the problems that are caused.
- (iii) Show how you would normalize the table
- b) An important concept in the theory of relational databases is that of a functional dependency. (3marks)
 - (i) Explain what is meant by a functional dependency and give an example (1mark)
 - (ii) Identify two functional dependencies in the following table (A, B and C are the attributes)

A	В	С
a1	b1	c1
a1	b1	c3
a1	b2	c1

- c. Discuss the "ACID" properties of transactions. Give examples to illustrate your answer. **(4marks)**
- 3. a. A company uses the table below to record details of staff. Each staff has up to three qualifications: (7marks)

<u>StaffID</u>	StaffName	Qualifications
S01	Ibanga	BSc, MSc, PhD
S02	Kumar	BSc, MSc
S03	Grant	BSc, PhD

- (i) Explain why this table is not in "First Normal Form" (1NF)
- (ii) Show how this table can be transformed into 1NF tables. Give two possible solutions.
- (iii) b. Explain what the term *data validation* means. *Using 5 examples*, describe the various data validation techniques that may be embedded into a forms-based interface to a database.
- b. Explain what the term data validation means. Using 5 examples, describe the various data validation techniques that may be embedded into a forms-based interface to a database. (6marks)
- c. Contrast the following terms: (2marks)
 - (i) Stored attribute; derived attribute.
 - (ii) Entity type; relationship type.
- 4. Demonstrate, with an example, Temporary Update Problem, Lost Update Problem and Unrepeatable Read Problem that can occur in a multi-user environment when concurrent access to the database is allowed. (15 marks)
- 5. A company uses the table below to record details of its projects. Each project is attached to a department and runs for a certain duration (in months). The primary key for this table is (projnbr, deptnbr): **5 marks**

PROJNBR	DEPTNBR	PROJNAME	DEPTNAME	DURATION
P01	D03	Web Portal	HR Dept	10
P01	D07	Web Portal	Sales Dept	10
P02	D07	Data warehouse	Sales Dept	7
P02	D03	Data warehouse	HR Dept	7

- i. Give examples of "Update Anomaly" that may occur in this table.
- ii. Identify any partial dependencies in the above table
- iii. Identify any partial dependencies in the above table
- iv. Remove any partial dependencies from the above table by performing a normalization process and show skeletal designs of the resultant tables
- (b) The following table keeps record of medical consultations conducted in a medical practice. Each consultation takes place in a room and is conducted by a doctor on a patient. A patient cannot have two consultations on the same day. Identify **three candidate keys** for this table. (3 marks)

PATIENTNBR	CONSULTATIONDATE	CONSULTATIONTIME	DOCTORNBR	ROOMNBR
P01	17-Aug-17	09:30	D01	R01
P01	20-Aug-17	14:00	D02	R02
P02	17-Aug-17	11:00	D01	R01
P03	17-Aug-17	11:00	D02	R02
P04	23-Aug-17	09:30	D01	R02

c. The following table has attributes A, B, C and D:

A	В	С	D
a1	b1	c1	d1
a2	b1	c2	d1
a1	b2	c1	d1
a2	b2	c2	d1
a1	b3	c1	d2
a2	b3	c2	d2

- i. Explain what is meant by "functional dependency" in a table. 1 mark
- ii. Identify three functional dependencies from the above table. 6 marks