PCR114
Question:is an important component in conflict resolution in societies
imbibed with norms and values
Answer: Culture
Question:sÃ,Â-ystems are, to a large extent, products of climatic and
environmental factors
Answer: PastoralÃ,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-
Question: In pre-colonial times, pastoral societies tended to useas a panacea to
manage conflict
Answer: Migrations
Question: Real Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-— policies mean that
managers are available for discussions, for hearing ideas and complaints
Answer: open door
Question:can lead to separation, hostility, civil strife, terrorism and war
Answer: Conflict
Question:is a behavioural process, not a game; in a good negotiation,
everybody wins something.
Answer: Negotiation
Question: A clearly written agreement is the goal of
Answer:
Question: The Evolution of Conflict, gives an in depth account of the
evolution of conflict resolution as a field of study.
Answer: Transmutation
Question:conflict behaviour, on the other hand, would perpetuate itself
and could result in destructive behaviour
Answer: Competitive
Question:positional bargaining, yielded too much in a negotiation to the stronger party and similarly led to an undesirable outcome
Answer: Soft
Question:transformation is concerned primarily with changing the attitudes
and perceptions of the parties to one another
Answer: Conflict Question:enemy images are a serious obstacle to conflict
Question:enemy images are a serious obstacle to conflict
management, routinization, reduction, or resolution
Answer: Embedded
Question: model focuses on the antagonistic perceptions and feelings
fuelled by frustrated needs of the conflicting parties.
Answer: Transformative-based
Question: Traditionally,were excluded from political decision making among the
pastoral communities in Nigeria Answer: Women
Question: Relationship conflicts occur because of the presence of strong negative
Question. Relationship conflicts occur because of the presence of strong negative
Answer: Misperceptions
Question: The job is to move the parties off their initial positions toward
settlement of disputes.
Answer: mediator's
Question:refers to those misunderstandings in which we perceive
that there is a conflict when there is none
that there is a conflict which there is notic

Answer: Pseudo
Question: is the use of physical or emotional force, authority or pressure
to oblige or constrain someone to act in a desired way
Answer: Compelling
Question:express what is $\tilde{A}\phi\hat{a},\neg A^{\circ}(g)$ or $\tilde{A}\phi\hat{a},\neg$
\tilde{A} ¢â,¬Å"bad \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Â \square , \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Å"right \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Â \square or \tilde{A} ¢ \tilde{a} ,¬Å"wrong \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Â \square ,
\tilde{A} ¢â,¬Å"just \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Â \square or \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Å"unjust \tilde{A} ¢â,¬Â \square .
Answer: Values
Question: is a process of co-labouring with others to resolve difficulties that
are being experienced
Answer: Collaborating
Question: The conflict resolution process is aevent
Answer: Painstaking
Question:may focus on training in conflict resolution, democracy, or
living with diversity
Answer: Education
Question:are defined as a mental predisposition to act that is expressed
by evaluating a particular entity with some degree of favour or disfavour
Answer: Attitudes
Question:grabs hold when we give up control of our mind
Answer: Frustration
Question:is "an emotional state that varies in intensity from mild
irritation to intense fury and rage
Answer: Anger Question:is the process of source attempting to change the
attitude of a target group in conflicting environment
Answer: Persuasion Question:communication influences decision making
Question:communication influences decision making
Answer: Persuasive
Question: Post Traumatic Stress Syndrome can lead to a wide range of
problems
Answer: Health
Question:is similar to the ``boomerang belief," that what you
throw out to others will come back to you eventually in life
Answer: Faith in fairness
Question:goals and interests incompatibility is perhaps the most basic
cause of social conflict.
Answer: Perceived
Question:differences and particularly language are sources of
separateness and difference in a conflicting society
Answer: Cultural
Question:is the stage the sub-groups begin to recognize the merits
of working together and the infighting subsides.
Answer: Norming
Question: In a trust walk, the "" person does not determine the route of
the walk
Answer: Blinded
Question: In a trust walk, theperson must give clear, precise verbal instructions and must not hold on to or grab the "blinded" person
instructions and must not hold on to or grab the "blinded" person

Answer: Sighted
Question:building does not always have to be initiated from above or from
the high and mighty
Answer: Peace
Question: The term "" is applied in the study to denote communities whose main mode of production is the herding of livestock
whose main mode of production is the herding of livestock
Answer: Pastoralism
Question: The terms "" or "raid" are used interchangeably in the study to
refer to armed attacks by one group on another for the purpose of stealing livestock
Answer: Rustling
Question: The term "" is used to denote "a dispute into which the threat of
physical coercion (violence) has been introduced
Answer: Conflict
Question: According to Markakis, ethnicity is to some extent a factor in conflicts in the
Answer: Borderlands
Question:approaches of conflict resolution are an important component
of the cultural heritage of African societies.
Answer: Traditional
Question: Loss ofcould lead to raids, which was one of the options of
replenishing depleted herds
Answer: Cattle
Question: Among the, ties of kinship, marriage and friendship as well as
cattle loans often bind neighbours
Answer: Pastoralists
Question: The Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-
two ethnic groups that have been involved in ethnic clashes for over a decade
Answer: Maasai Question:is a traditional mechanism of conflict resolution amongst the
Banyarwanda of Uganda
Answer: Agacaca Question:mediators want to ensure that parties come to agreements
based on information and understanding.
Answer: Facilitative
Question: Mediation usually proves less costly and time-consuming than litigation. True
or False
Answer: True
Question:resolution by reconciliation is generally the method most
appropriate in community development programs.
Answer: Procedural
Question:involves adjustments and modifications with regard to the
territories, values, goals, and/or policies of the involved parties
Answer: Compromise
Question:involves compromise or capitulation.
Answer: Resolution
Question:mediation is a process modelled on settlement conferences
held by judges by pointing out the weaknesses of their cases
Answer: Evaluative
Question: Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-Ã,Â-

different strategies of management and prevention
Answer: Michael Lund
Question:are often considered the central component of attitudes.
Answer: Evaluations
Question: Effective control ofplays a vital role in ADR-oriented
conflict resolution process
Answer: Anger
Question: Simple tools, such as deep breathing and relaxing imagery,
can help calm down angry feelings.
Answer: Relaxation
Question:comprises representatives of the district level team as well as
relevant professionals from the community
Answer: The regional resource group
Question: All the following are steps to emotional preparedness except
Answer: Controlling
Question:is a technique which helps parties systematically determine
the scope of a conflict.
Answer: Conflict mapping
Question:is the next stage, when all Hell breaks loose and the leaders are
lynched.
Answer: Storming
Question: must actively seek to understand what has been said and to
ask for clarification if unsure.
Answer: Listener
Question: In any situation of conflict when takingit is important to note the
appropriate steps to take
Answer: Decisions Question: When was the National Centre for Children Exposed to Violence formed a
Question: When was the National Centre for Children Exposed to Violence formed a
Regional Resource Group in Connecticut?
Answer: 1991
Question:gathers information about the history of the conflict
and its physical and organizational settings
Angwar: Mannar
Question:is letting others know your feelings, emotions and reactions,
and having the confidence in them to respect you and not to take advantage of you
Answer: Trust
Question: Afor honesty and fairness influences the
Question: Afor honesty and fairness influences the trusteeââ,¬â,¢s perception of the trusteeââ,¬â,¢s integrity.
Answer: Reputation
Question: All the following are Conditions For Trust Between Organizations except
Answer: Agreement
Question: The term "" is used to denote a dispute into which the threat of
physical coercion (violence) has been introduced
Answer: Conflict
Question: The phrase "" refers to the termination of a conflict or dispute
through the elimination of the underlying causes of the conflict
Answer: conflict resolution
Question: Burton (1990) affirms that culture is vital because it is a "".
Answer: Satisfier Answer:

Question:approaches of conflict resolution are an important component
of the cultural heritage of African societies.
Answer: Traditional
Question: Traditionally, raiding among pastoral societies includes all the following
except
Answer: Cross breeding
Question: The adoption ofby some pastoral societies entailed the
development of serious hostilities about grazing land among the various groups
Answer: Transhumance
Question: According to Dyson-Hudson "" is an essential component of
pastoralists' strategy.
Answer: Aggressive confrontation
Question: In pre-colonial times, pastoral societies tended to use migrations as a
panacea to manage all the following except
Answer: Raiding
Question: Thestudy of war focuses on attempts to explain armed
conflicts as a universal feature of the human condition
Answer: Anthropological
Question: Feuds or collective actions using force or the threat of force are not
synonymous with
Answer: Wars
Question: The social structure of theis largely based on generational lines and age-sets.
Answer: Pastoral group
Allower. I dotoral group
Question:Culture emphasizes the resolving of conflicts amicably through
elders, traditional leaders healing and reconciliation rituals.
Answer: African Question:is another symbol used by the Maasai and other groups
Question:is another symbol used by the Maasai and other groups
like the Kalenjin to demonstrate peace in war times and ethnic tensions
Answer: Grass
Question: is a name given to people when they die in Tanzania
Answer: Mahoka
Question: Mediation is built upon all of the following concepts except
Answer: Political
Question: In the 1960's and 1970's, there was only one type of mediation being taught
and practiced, which is now being called
Answer: Facilitative Mediation
Question: A clearly written agreement is the goal of
Answer: Mediation