

**CSS211 List of eExam Questions in the Bank**

*Latex formatted questions may not properly render*

**Q1 The \_\_approach considers persons under the age of 18 to be juvenile. However, when children under this age commit serious crime such as murder, they may be prosecuted as adults**

**Q2 In girls, the growth spurts in first menstrual period (Menarche) is between years**

**Q3 The defines delinquency as any act, course or conduct, or situation which might be brought before the court and adjudicated**

**Q4 The concept of delinquency was viewed in different perspectives**

**Q5 The author was the exponent that all children are by nature evil**

**Q6 Coroner is one of other sources of procedures**

**Q7 The criminal procedure Act (CPA) cap.43 LFN 1958 operates in the states**

**Q8 The principal enactments of the law are the criminal procedure Act (CPA) and**

**Q9 The eye for an eye and tooth for a tooth concept of punishment is**

**Q10 The constitution that interpreted to forbid any criminal law to violates fairness and equality of a person's right is**

**Q11 A juvenile may be placed for a specified period with a maximum of years under the supervision of probation officers**

**Q12 Borstal is one of the approved institutions where the is sent for correction**

**Q13 In the UNconvention on the Right of a child defines the age of a child as anyone who is from years**

**Q14 The law which defines offences as well as the rights and duties of citizens is**

**Q15 The process of helping a criminal to attain or regain his potential as a citizen is .**

**Q16 The act of restraining a criminal from taking certain actions is known as**

**Q17 The criminal justice system takes revenge on the offender through a process known as**

**Q18 The refrigerant that damage and increase skin cancer risk is called**

**Q19 Any criminal law that conflicts with the various provisions of the constitution will definitely be challenged in the court**

**Q20 No child shall be subjected to torture, cruel treatment or punishment, unlawful arrest or deprivation of liberty is contain in UN Article**

**Q21 The penal code which is applicable in the Northern states of Nigeria stipulates that sexual intercourse with a girl below the age of years is rape, and attracts life imprisonment.**

**Q22 The criminal code, section cap 77 laws of the Federation of Nigeria 1990 make it an offence to defile a girl.**

**Q23 The criminal code in section is very clear on the offence of abduction, enticement and inducement.**

**Q24 By section 30 of the Nigerian criminal code, a person under the age of years is not criminally responsible for an act or omission.**

**Q25 The law that guaranteed children not to be subjected to unlawful arrest or deprivation of liberty is contained in \_Acts.**

**Q26 The criminal justice process of an alleged offender is dealt on the trial, and possible of the offender**

**Q27 When a prosecutor decided to take no further action to a case such action is known as**

**Q28 The punishment such as punishment is not recognized by Nigerian secondary and tertiary institution and courts today.**

**Q29 The law making, conviction, sentencing and administration of penalties are complex process for \_punishment of offenders.**

**Q30 In 1970, after the Nigerian – Biafran war, there was an ever-increase rates of crime which prompted the government to introduce punishment.**

**Q31 Probation comes from the latin word probare, which means**

**Q32 Technically, probation, which may be granted only by the court, is a form of**

**Q33 The shaming process of returning the offender was advocated by**

**Q34 The process of preparing both the community and offender for the offender's return is**

**Q35 The justice may be the model that best serves alternative sanctions to crime**

**Q36** The focus point of rehabilitation perspective is on how punishment can be used to the offender's behavior.

**Q37** when a juvenile court sentences a juvenile, the offender must be admitted to home.

**Q38** The otherwise called sedative or hypnotics are drugs that have effects on the brain

**Q39** The are drugs which diminish the awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain

**Q40** The are drugs that stimulate the central nervous system and alter the state of the user

**Q41** A condition where people actively seek a life with new thrills and pleasure instead of pain, and tedium of work is called

**Q42** The social problem in which a significant number of people find faults with the behaviour of children in the society is called \_.

**Q43** The offences are those offences or act which would not be considered as an offence if it is committed by an adult

**Q44** The drugs which diminish the awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain are called

**Q45** Barbiturates is an example of

**Q46** The depressants otherwise called are drugs that have effects on the brain

**Q47** Merton noted that the society places enormous emphasis on the pursuit of material success.

**Q48** The concept of Anomie as a form of sociological interpretation of Crime and Delinquency is linked to

**Q49** Retreatism refers to

**Q50** The parens patriae doctrine means

**Q51** The Juvenile court is otherwise known as court because of its paternalistic philosophy .

**Q52** For mead, an objective self- me means

**Q53** 4 According to Mead and Cooley, society is possible because of communication involving shared

**Q54 Give a dog a bad name means**

**Q55 when people define situations as real they become real in their consequences” was quoted by**

**Q56 Criminal justice is the criminal procedures and array of activities which have to do with the of the body of law**

**Q57 According to Cloward and Ohlin criminality is prominent on the class**

**Q58 According to Durkheim the social cohesion represents a collective in the society**

**Q59 Durkheim introduced the concept of Anomie derived from \_\_\_word meaning “without norms”.**

**Q60 Those who broke rules but have never been caught or officially labeled are the deviants**

**Q61 Shaming is defined as a disapproval**

**Q62 According to shaming may go further to stigmatize the person labeled.**

**Q63 The level of legislation is made up of the state house of assemblies and local councilors.**

**Q64 The federal level is consists of Chambers**

**Q65 The concurrent list in Nigeria is one of the \_\_\_powers.**

**Q66 The positivists distinguished between physical laws and laws.**

**Q67 The positivists ideology was characterised by**

**Q68 law is the command of a political sovereign to a political inferior, which is backed by sanction upon disobedience was advocated by .**

**Q69 8 The exponent of the Realist School who sees law as an expression of the state through the court is**

**Q70 The law of contract, property law, tort, family law and succession, commercial law, equity and trust, etc. are examples of \_\_\_law**

**Q71 The constitutional law, administrative law, criminal law, revenue law are examples of law**

**Q72 common law is developed by courts from the common customs and practices in**

**Q73** Municipal law and international law are classified based on its limitations in law

**Q74** The \_\_\_\_\_ prescribe and proscribe legal activities and stipulate penalties for the violation of laws

**Q75** The definition of offences states the \_\_\_\_\_ acts such as murder, sexual assault, robbery, or theft.

**Q76** In Northern Nigeria, the penal code, Section \_\_\_\_\_ advocated for Indecent treatment of girls under 16 years.

223

220

221

222

**Q77** The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article \_\_\_\_\_ to make every effort to prevent the sale, trafficking and abduction of children.

32

33

34

35

**Q78** The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article \_\_\_\_\_ shall protect children from sexual exploitation and abuse.

33

34

35

36

**Q79** The United Nations convention on the rights of the Child states Article \_\_\_\_\_ shall protect the child from all forms of maltreatment by parents

18

19

20

21

**Q80** Once children are labeled delinquent, they become \_\_\_\_\_.

Bad name

give a label

delinquent

jealousy

**Q81** when a person already has a bad reputation, it is difficult to change it because others will continue to blame or suspect him, i.e. \_\_\_\_\_

bad name

give a label

give a dog a bad name  
jealousy

**Q82** The theory has a number of roots on the idea of W.I. Thomas that “when people define situations as real they become real in their consequences”. This means \_\_\_\_

self-motivation  
fulfilling prophecy  
self-fulfilling prophecy  
prophecy

**Q83** Aichhorn discussed the situation above as a balance between the ‘pleasure’ principle and the \_\_\_\_ principle.

asocial  
reality  
dissocial  
social

**Q84** where the child stimulates social adjustment by suppressing his instinctual wishes so that a state of latent delinquency arises is called \_\_\_\_

asocial  
primitive  
social  
dissocial

**Q85** The \_\_\_\_ approach looks at a wide range of disruptive behaviours that may involve aggression towards others.

mental health  
Parental  
legal  
Latent

**Q86** The child who demands direct primitive instinctual satisfaction without regard for the world around him is \_\_\_\_.

asocial  
social  
primitive  
civilised

**Q87** Aichhorn establishes that every child is at first and \_\_\_\_ being.

asocial  
social  
primitive  
civilised

**Q88** An unresolved \_\_\_\_ complex may murder his father or commit a symbolic act of sexual intercourse with his mother

Oedipus  
symbolic

incomplete  
socialization

**Q89 The concept of differential association theory as propounded by \_\_\_\_**

Erving Goffman  
Emile Durkheim  
Edwin Sutherland  
Sigmund Freud

**Q90 The roots of delinquent behaviour is to delve into the individual's background such as these except \_\_\_\_**

Criminals  
unconscious minds  
trait  
personality

**Q91 The greatest contributor to the development of psychoanalytic theory is \_\_\_\_**

Erving Goffman  
Emile Durkheim  
Robert Merton  
Sigmund Freud

**Q92 The \_\_\_\_ approach regards delinquent behaviour as that which interrupts or disturbs classroom learning**

parental  
legal  
Educational  
gambling

**Q93 crimes against public order include these, except \_\_\_\_**

breaches of peace  
public drunkenness  
forgery  
vagrancy

**Q94 crimes against property include \_\_\_\_**

robbery and kidnapping  
forgery  
embezzlement  
burglary

**Q95 crimes against the person include \_\_\_\_**

homicide  
rape  
robbery and kidnapping  
forgery

**Q96 The formal norms and sanctions are evident in the forms of these three**

**except** \_\_\_\_\_

Criminal law

Civil law

Administrative laws.

social behaviour

**Q97 Formal norms and sanctions are \_\_\_\_\_.**

codified

formalized

Unwritten

set procedures

**Q98 According to \_\_\_\_\_, the prison is a total institution.**

Erving Goffman

Emile Durkheim

Robert Merton

Eric Johnson

**Q99 Section \_\_\_\_\_ of the 1979 constitution of Nigeria covers the right to fair hearing which also includes the presumption of innocence.**

33

34

35

36

**Q100 The \_\_\_\_\_ force is the primary points of contact between the population and the criminal laws.**

Soldier

JTF

police

Court

**Q101 The social habits and repetition, which become the basis of an order of social behaviour is \_\_\_\_\_**

social practice

Customs

social acts.

habit

**Q102 That process which brings about conformity to society's norms and law is \_\_\_\_\_**

Social institutions

state authority

individual actions

Social control

**Q103 That which defines expected or appropriately behavior for particular situations lack specificity to how and when they apply is \_\_\_\_\_**

values



social norms  
cultures  
belief

**Q104 Delinquent behaviour is divided into two categories. One of them is \_\_\_\_**

Non-negligent Manslaughter  
aggravated assault  
Status' Offences  
forcible rape

**Q105 Informal airing of disputes involving kinsmen and friend of the litigants is \_\_\_\_.**

magistrate  
Moots  
court  
procedure

**Q106 In Lineages, those who behave as the society expects them to behave are likely to receive the best plots of \_\_\_\_.**

Gifts  
Land  
House  
Token

**Q107 One means by which corporate lineages exert reaction over its members is \_\_\_\_.**

physical  
peer group  
Economic  
psychological

**Q108 The \_\_\_\_ is the major factor by the lineages from which people derive their primary identity.**

Association  
Fight  
property  
Tradition

**Q109 Corporate lineages play a dormant role in most small scale \_\_\_\_ societies.**

private  
corporate  
acephalous  
state

**Q110 Indeed gossip, ostracism, rumour, derision are all powerful corrective measures for reforming \_\_\_\_ behaviour.**

physical  
Ecological

social  
psychological

**Q111 These mechanisms such as socialization, public opinion, corporate lineages, familial systems and moths is associated with\_\_\_\_\_**

urban  
advanced  
literate  
preliterate

**Q112 Informal social control is associated with \_\_\_\_\_ societies**

urban  
advanced  
literate  
preliterate

**Q113 Social structure is the widely used term for \_\_\_\_\_ organization.**

physical  
Economic  
Social  
Ecological

**Q114 \_\_\_\_\_ defined crime as a behaviour that shocks the sentiments of all “healthy” consciences.**

Emile Durkheim  
Surtherland  
Merton  
Mead

**Q115 The material that is intended to arouse people sexually by portraying sexual matters in visual or verbal terms is \_\_\_\_\_**

beauty  
clothes  
Pornography  
pictures

**Q116 According to \_\_\_\_\_ the denial of responsibility is one of the neutralization techniques in which people refuse to be held personally accountable for one’s action.**

Sykes and Matza (1957),  
chukwuka(1992)  
Johnson(2014)  
Durkheim and Johnson (2014)

**Q117 At the end of the Nigeria-Biafra War in \_\_\_\_\_, the nation experienced an increase in violent crimes.**

1969  
1970  
1971

1967

**Q118 rotten apples spoil the barrel means\_\_\_\_\_**

- peoples orientation increses deinquency
- Association kills delinquent
- peer decreases deinquent behaviour
- Association increases delinquent behavior

**Q119 birds of a feather flock together means\_\_\_\_\_**

- peoples orientation
- group association
- delinquent peer association
- children's association

**Q120 Adolescents who do not have a stake on conformity sometimes join**

- groups
- gangs
- ganderms
- peers

**Q121 Opportunities to learn to commit crime are associated with the \_\_\_\_\_ organization of a community.**

- physical
- Ecological
- Economic
- social

**Q122 According to\_\_\_\_ community is the agent for the internalization of values, ideas, beliefs and customs through the process of learning.**

- Chukwunka( 1992)
- Durkheim(2014)
- Johnson(2014)
- Obohia(2014)

**Q123 There are \_\_\_\_\_ principal sources of crime statistics**

- two
- three
- four
- five

**Q124 The variety of crimes may be committed against the government except\_\_\_\_\_**

- civil-rights violations
- Manslaughter
- official corruption
- obstruction of justice

**Q125 The conditions must be present in order for a charge of embezzlement to**

**be relevant are \_\_\_\_**

There must be a fiduciary relationship between the three parties.

The defendant's actions were intentional.

The defendant must have taken ownership of the property

There must be a fiduciary relationship between the two parties.

**Q126 Crime committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of his occupation is called \_\_\_\_\_**

elite crime

red-collar crime

blue-collar crime

white-collar crime

**Q127 Property crimes involve the following**

trafficking

vandalism

fraud

burglary

**Q128 These are violent crimes except \_\_\_\_**

murder

trafficking

robbery

manslaughter

**Q129 operant conditioning is drawn from the field of \_\_\_\_\_.**

psychology

Ecology

Sociology

Economics

**Q130 According to \_\_\_\_\_, delinquency behaviour is learned.**

Summer

Johnson

Sutherland

Chukwuka

**Q131 The concept of \_\_\_\_\_ philosophy which states that the state acts as the benevolent parent to assume responsibility for the care of the children.**

family

peer group

Puritan

paternalistic

**Q132 The juvenile court reaffirmed and extended on the \_\_\_\_\_ doctrine**

parens patriae

Peer group

parent

Puritans

**Q133 The family courts deal with laws that are family-related as well as issues of \_\_\_\_\_**

- Frustration relations
- children relations
- domestic relations
- jungle relations

**Q134 The family courts were first established in the \_\_\_\_\_ in 1910.**

- United States
- Ndoki
- Biafra
- Greek

**Q135 The family courts were first called \_\_\_\_\_**

- frustration courts
- children courts
- domestic relations courts
- jungle courts

**Q136 According to Merton, drug abuse causes \_\_\_\_\_.**

- competitive
- legitimate
- delinquency
- materialistic

**Q137 Alarmists view of the family and its impact on delinquency is based on these, except \_\_\_\_\_**

- parental absence
- leniency
- inadequate supervision
- emotional closeness.

**Q138 Family relationships are built around \_\_\_\_\_ and control of activities.**

- physical
- Neglect
- excessively
- dominance

**Q139 The \_\_\_\_ approach regards delinquency as fighting with siblings, destruction of property, stealing of money from the family members**

- trouble
- Educational
- Parental
- connections

**Q140 Marcia called Adolescence as a period with \_\_\_\_\_.**

- Moral status
- Moratorium status

tension status  
conflict status

**Q141** where the social patterns, interests and attitudes of the peer group differ considerably from the parents, we call it \_\_\_\_\_

generation gap  
peer group  
influence of parents  
generation group

**Q142** According to the psychological view, adolescence is characterized by \_\_\_\_\_

emotional  
storm  
stress  
All Of the Above

**Q143** Almost anything that youth does that others do not like is called \_\_\_\_\_.

delinquent  
deviant  
Juvenile Delinquency  
Crime

**Q144** The youths who are not able to achieve success are most likely to choose \_\_\_\_\_ options

frustration  
delinquency  
Retreatism  
deviant

**Q145** According to the author \_\_\_\_\_, among the youths marijuana is the second most common drug abused after alcohol .

Chukwuka( 1992)  
Butt (1975)  
Tappan(2005)  
Obohia(2011)

**Q146** Cannabis is obtained from the Indian hemp plant called \_\_\_\_\_

kaya  
cannabis sativa  
eegbo  
stone

**Q147** The barbiturates and mild tranquilizers are called \_\_\_\_\_ pills

Energy  
sleeping  
power  
strength

**Q148 Cocaine is called \_\_\_\_\_ or blow in Nigerian streets.**

gamji  
gbana  
snow  
staff

**Q149 The drugs are used to increase energy and fighting spirit are\_\_\_\_\_**

Amphetamines  
opium  
heroin  
morphine

**Q150 The \_\_\_\_\_ viewed juvenile delinquency as an offence against God and God's law.**

Ndokis  
sanaritans  
theologians  
Puritans

noungeeks.com