

EDU290 List of eExam Questions in the Bank

Latex formatted questions may not properly render

Q1 Teaching of phonics can be divided into teaching consonant letter sounds and teaching

Q2 Phonics means made in speech

Q3 Role playing method forges a link between theory and

Q4 BBC English Dictionary Sinclair (1992) defined a role as one of the that an actor or singer plays in a film, play or opera

Q5 Activity method is a means of gaining experience

Q6 Learn through doing is a golden rule in

Q7 Reginal et-al (1981) maintains that the purpose of using activity in teaching is to give the child an opportunity to grow and

Q8 In Montessori method writing comes before

Q9 emphasized practical education and child centred education

Q10 Play method of teaching is a method where the teacher incorporates the various learning in a subject into play

Q11 Montessori classroom contains a lot of multi-sensory, manipulative and learning materials

Q12 Montessori began her educational work with deprived difficult children

Q13 Froebel was seen as the father of which he believed is an essential step to education

Q14 is a way of enjoying yourself rather than work

Q15 One of the limitations of discussion is that it is highly dependent upon intelligence and the communication ability to talk as well as language

Q16 Pupils can gain knowledge on their own through involvement and participation

Q17 Discussion develops in the learners skills

Q18 Discussion may take several forms depending on the objectives of instruction, class size and ability

Q19 There are step by step procedure for classroom discussion

Q20 experience activities can be taught at pre-school using discussion

Q21 At the pre-school level, oral discussion method is the most

Q22 is based on the principle that knowledge and ideas of many people have greater merit than that of single person

Q23 Discussion is a learning process which requires among learners

Q24 must present problems which the children have to solve by thinking hard

Q25 Project method allows the pupils to be responsible for the planning and the work he is expected to cover facts by himself

Q26 A project is the co-operative study of a real life situation by a class under the guidance of a

Q27 Teachers who tell story through the use of pictures, actions and apparatus keep the pupils

Q28 means the language spoken in a particular area or by a particular group

Q29 Stories should be dramatic and

Q30 Stories with should be avoided

Q31 Children's is developed through story telling by the children themselves

Q32 Stories train the children's

Q33 Story telling is a way of narrating or describing a

Q34 is a description or account of things that has happened

Q35 Grouping enhances inter-group and intra-group

Q36 When pupils are grouped, the teacher acts more as a

Q37 are given the opportunity to learn on their own in grouping method

Q38 Grouping is a flexible kind of classroom arrangement, for adjusting the curriculum to the needs and abilities of class

Q39 When using group method, each group should have

Q40 When there is no criteria or haphazard way to form groups are used it is

Q41 When males are separated from females for obvious reasons it is

Q42 means putting pupils who seem to be advanced in expressing or answering question in one group

Q43 There are kinds of grouping according to Sister Mary Jecinta et-al (1981)

Q44 Grouping is a flexible kind of classroom

Q45 Group method is a method in which the class is divided into small groups for a particular learning

Q46 Questioning increases classroom

Q47 helps pupils to develop self confidence

Q48 Questioning is and can be used at every stage of the lesson to serve different purposes

Q49 To question well is to _well

Q50 Questions constitute an important tool of teaching in the hands of a skilful

Q51 Higher order cognitive questions may be referred to as

Q52 Lower order cognitive questions may also be referred to as

Q53 Questions categories may include lower order cognitive questions and

Q54 Questions can be categorized into ways/types

Q55 Limitations of the child centred method are 'impatient teacher cannot manage the class and

Q56 _method is a method of teaching where the children are more active

Q57 Pre-school includes crèche, nursery and

Q58 Pre-school is the first formal education given to the children in an educational institution within the age range of years plus

Q59 _is the education given in an educational institution to children prior to their entering primary school

Q60 The pre-school has been found to be crucial for satisfactory adult

Q61 Which of the questions are referred to as factual-questions?

Lower order

Higher order

Average order

Complex order

Q62 What does questions helps pupils to develop?

Self-ego
Self-confidence
Selfishness
Self-interest

Q63 What is the method in which or by which the class is divided into small cells for a particular learning activity?

Cell methods
Group method
Cooperative methods
Cooperation methods

Q64 Apart from sitting arrangement which other criteria can be used in grouping the class

Age
Book
Exercise
Scandals

Q65 Children can be grouped into how many intellectual ability?

Many
Three
Two
Four

Q66 Where are age, gender or height could be considered or used as a criterion before grouping?

Mathematics class
Language class
Physical and health education
Music education

Q67 What is meant by putting pupils who seem to be advanced in one group?

Non-ability grouping
Ability grouping
Sex grouping
Interest grouping

Q68 Pupils are always taught in ability groups in which subject

Arts
Music
Mathematics
Yoruba

Q69 Which of the groupings is widely used in moral instruction and storytelling?

Interest
Non-ability

Ability
Natural

Q70 What is the kind of grouping where children are chosen in a haphazard way?

Simple grouping
Secrete grouping
Random grouping
Interest grouping

Q71 Which of the relationship can grouping said to promote?

Intra
Inter-
Mo-
Complex-

Q72 What attracts the attention of pupils during instruction?

Rhyme
Story-telling
History
Gist

Q73 Who are interested in stories about animals, adventures, fairies, giants and so on?

Adult
Adolescent
Children
Girls

Q74 What is a description or account of things that has happened?

Mathematics
Story
Archaeology
Song

Q75 What is a way of narrating or describing a past event or an imaginary people?

History
Music
Story telling
Songs

Q76 Which of these subjects is story telling not good for?

Mathematics
Poem
History
Social studies

Q77 Which of the stories frighten children?

Religious stories
Ethnic stories
Animals stories
Weird stories

Q78 What is the language spoken in a particular area or by a particular group of people called?

Yoruba
Ijaw
Vernacular
Veranda

Q79 The characteristics of a good story telling are what?

Dramatic and exciting
Time saving and interesting
Exciting and not enjoyable
Unpleasant and waste of time

Q80 What will a teacher take into account when using the method of telling an English story?

Vocabulary
Children
Comprehension
Listening

Q81 A flexible kind of classroom arrangement which adjusts curriculum to pupils' needs and abilities is

Grouping
Scaling
Arranging
Merging

Q82 Which is not a rationale for telling stories

Enjoyment
Training vices
Training imagination
Broadening culture

Q83 One of these describes vernacular as a language

Mother tongue
Language of particular area/group
Official language
Broadening culture

Q84 In project method, the pupils are not responsible for

Provision of materials
Planning
Organizing
Covering facts

Q85 Many teachers do not use discussion method because it requires

- Preparation
- Techniques
- Processes
- Many people

Q86 One of these should not help a teacher decide the method to use

- Learner's age
- Teacher's preference
- The lesson
- Available materials

Q87 The method which has self motivation and use didactic materials as its basic principle is

- Montessori
- Pestalozzi
- Froebel
- Fredrick

Q88 Showing children what to learn/ how to learn is called

- Discussion
- Project
- Demonstration
- Playway

Q89 One of these does not fall within early childhood education

- Crèche
- Nursery
- Kindergarten
- Early primary

Q90 One of these is untrue of the teacher centred method? The teacher

- Talks
- Uses chalk
- Is passive
- Does

Q91 One of these is untrue of lower order cognitive questions

- Recall
- Comprehension
- Analysis
- Applications

Q92 Which of these falls into levels of questioning

- Lower/higher order cognitive
- Lower/higher level cognitive
- Lower/higher level syntactic
- Lower/higher order evaluative

Q93 One of these is not a role playing method

- Stimulation
- Telepathy
- Games
- Mimicking

Q94 One of these is commonly used in phonic approach

- Alphabets
- Consonants
- Keywords
- Vowels

Q95 Children cannot make dictionaries from one of these

- Pictures
- Scarp books
- Letters/words
- Graph books

Q96 Who among these asserts that teaching far above the pupils make learning impossible

- Parker
- Piaget
- Pavlov
- Pestalozzi

Q97 The Montessori method is best used with one of these

- Individuals
- Small groups
- Large groups
- Fast learners

Q98 What is another name for the Montessori teaching aids

- Durable materials
- Didactic materials
- Perceptive materials
- Dressing frames

Q99 The name for the method which allows pupils find out and learn for himself by feeling/handling a variety of objects is

- Project
- Discovery
- Activity
- Application

Q100 Which of these is not an instructional advantage of the activity method

- Requires plenty space
- Lessons are real
- Develops social living

Healthy rivalry

Q101 What methods are the features of education that have change most during the present century?

Teaching
Learning
Instructional
Behavioural

Q102 Schools teachers and _____ have altered somehow but methods or its choice have multiplied enormously

Syllabus
Scheme
Teaching
Curricula

Q103 Who has pointed out more efficient techniques for teaching?

Teachers
Researchers
Lawyers
Scientists

Q104 Who is helpless individual at birth?

Adult
Parents
Child
Students

Q105 How many methods exist which the pre-school teacher can employ to facilitate children's learning?

Four
Five
Two
Several

Q106 What is the need that child has?

Growth
Developmental
Emotional
Psychological

Q107 _____ can gain knowledge on their own through active involvement and participation

Principal
Mummy
Teachers
Pupils

Q108 What is the education given in an educational institution to children prior

to their entering the primary school

Basic education

Junior secondary education

Early childhood education

Adult education

Q109 Pre-school is given to children between age ____ to five years plus

3

4

2

Motivation

Q110 What is the method of teaching where the children are more active than the teacher?

Teacher centred

Child centred

Authority centred

Lesson centred

Q111 Which one is not included in pre-school?

Primary

Crèche

Nursery

Kindergarten

Q112 Who plan the lessons with the pupil's needs in view?

Government

Headmaster

Teacher

Lecturer

Q113 Who plays all the roles during classroom instruction under child-centred teaching and learning process?

Teacher

Child

Helper

Class captain

Q114 We have 6 step by step procedure for classroom_____

Dance

Participation

Discussion

Pupils

Q115 What is the main characteristics of a good teacher?

Laziness

Undedication

Use of questioning techniques

Asking for increase in salary

Q116 How many objectives can questions serve?

- Two
- Three
- Many
- Four

Q117 What are statements for which a reply is expected?

- Answer
- Query
- Question
- Interrogation

Q118 What can pre-school children do with appropriate types of questions?

- Dose in the class
- To play well while working
- Do more complex thinking
- Not able to solve problems

Q119 A pre-school teacher should ask questions that encourages what and what?

- Thinking and inquiry
- Teaching and learning
- Thinking and acquisition
- Play and thinking

Q120 Questions can be categorized into how many ways

- Four
- Two
- Three
- Many