ACC206 E EXAM

Question QFB1: In financial accounting we follow norms and rules but in there is no need for them Answer: Cost Accounting
Question QFB2: Usually, the terms, cost accounting andare used interchangeably and are used in one and the same sense Answer: Management accounting
Question QFB3 :are the costs which do not vary with changing output Answer: Fixed Costs
Question QFB4 : Cost control forms part of the of cost accounting Answer: Scope
Question QFB5 : Basically the scope of cost accounting is divided into major parts Answer: Three
Question QFB6:are those costs which depend on or vary according to the output produced Answer: Variable Costs
Question QFB7: CIMA defines as a cost which can be influenced by the action of specified member of an undertaking Answer: Controllable Cost
Question QFB8 :is a plan for a future period. It is expressed in monetary terms. Answer: Budget
Question QFB9 : A is a predetermined calculation of how much costs should be under specified working conditions Answer: Standard Cost
Question QFB10: The two professional accountancy bodies in Nigeria are
Answer: ICAN and ANAN
Question QFB11: CIMA refers to as a location, person or item of equipment (or group of these) for which costs may be ascertained and used for the purpose of cost control Answer: Cost Centre
Question QFB12 : are those which are engaged sometimes on productive and other times on service works Answer: Mixed Costs Centres
Question QFB13 : is all labour expended and directly involved in altering

Answer: Direct labour Question QFB14: In some circumstances, variable costs are classified into (Discretionary cost and engineered cost) Answer: Discretionary cost and engineered cost Question QFB15: _____ consist largely of those fixed costs that arise from the possession of plant, equipment and a basic organization structure Answer: Committed fixed costs Question QFB16:are the costs which are not associated with production but are treated as expenses of the period in which they occurred Answer: Period costs Question QFB17:are those costs which will be eliminated if a segment of a business with which they are directly related is discontinued Answer: Avoidable or escapable costs Question QFB18: is the lowest level of stock that is established by management Answer: Minimum stock level Question QFB19:is the quantity of materials as organization will purchase at a time to enjoy economy of scale Answer: Economic order quantity Question QFB20:is an additional stock held by an organization over and above the minimum stock Answer: Safety stock or buffer stock Question QFB21:is the process of assigning overhead costs to products or services produced Answer: The concept of overhead absorption Question QFB22:is the process of tracking the expenses incurred on a job against the revenue produced by that job Answer: Job costing Question QFB23: Quotes, fixed fee jobs, revenues, items, direct costs and standard costs are the fundamental components of Answer: Job costing Question QFB24 : Contribution is the excess of sale value over _____ Answer: Variable costs Question QFB25:represent an old established standard designed principally to satisfy a given objective Answer: Basic standard

the condition, composition or construction of the product

Question QFB26: The setting of pre-determined level of costs to be compared with actual gives room for basic tools to be employed in cost control. They are Standard costing andAnswer: Budgetary control
Question QFB27 : A planned positive action aimed at reducing costs of products or services without adversely affecting their quality or usability is called Answer: Cost reduction
Question QFB28: The scope ofembraces activities of the entire company, from production to marketing and at all levels within the organization from the operative to top levels Answer: Cost reduction
Question QFB29 : is the term used to describe a management philosophy based on the continuous improvement of quality Answer: Total quality management (TQM)
Question QFB30 : is the standard that reflects the management anticipation of what actual costs will be for the current period. Answer: Current standard
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Question QFB33 : The setting of pre-determined level of costs to be compared with actual gives room for basic tools to be employed in cost control. They areAnswer: Standard costing and budgetary control
Question QFB34 : Material variance is mainly classified into Answer: Price and usage
Question QFB35 : The basic variances can be categorized under four major headings as Answer: Sales volume, sales price, variable cost and fixed overhead cost
Question QFB36 : The four basic types of standard are Answer: Ideal, attainable, current and basic
Question QFB37 : Break-even point means Answer: A point where no profit nor loss is recorded
Question QFB38 : Production overheads refer to

Answer: Indirect cost of manufacturing
Question QFB39 : Stock / inventory turnover ratio is calculated as Answer: Cost of sales / average inventory
Question QFB40 : Gearing ratio is calculated as follows Answer: Long term debt / debt + equity
Question QFB41 : Current ratio is calculated as Answer: Current assets / current liabilities
Question QFB42 : Financial or accounting ratios can mainly be classified into four, they are Answer: Solvency, profitability, investment and activity
Question QFB43 : What is this formula used to calculate: Std price (std qty – actual qty) ? Answer: Material price variance
Question QFB44: What is this formula used to calculate: Actual qty (std price – actual price)? Answer: Material usage variance
Question QFB45 : may be viewed as a cost reduction technique Answer: Work study
Question QFB46 : is actually working backwards to find out the target cost, which a firm would be able to achieve Answer: Target costing
Question QFB47 : The aim of is to reduce inventory levels and its attendant costs. Answer: Just-in-time (JIT) processes
Question QFB48 : Working capital is computed as Answer: Current assets less current liabilities
Question QFB49: Which ratio is calculated as shareholders' funds/tangible assets? Answer: Proprietary ratio
Question QFB50 : How is interest cover calculated? Answer: Operating profit/fixed interest
Question QMC1: The main functions of cost accounting can be itemized from 1 to
Answer:
Question QMC2 : Serving as a guide to price fixing of product is a function of

Answer:
Question QMC3 : In costing forecast may related with Answer:
Question QMC4 : Costing deals with Answer:
Question QMC5 : In cost accounting, total cost is the combination ofAnswer:
Question QMC6 : FIFO means
Question QMC7 : Avoidable costs are also referred to as
Answer:
Question QMC8 : Branches of accounting are numbered up toAnswer:
Question QMC9 : Relevant cost may be Answer:
Question QMC10 : Differential cost is alternative to Answer:
Question QMC11 : Variable cost is not part of Answer:
Question QMC12 : Materials can be classified into Answer:
Question QMC13 : FIFO means Answer:
Question QMC14 : Replacement price is Answer:
Question QMC15 : The two basic ways to control stock areAnswer:
Question QMC16 : Fixed costs are sometimes referred to as Answer:
Question QMC17 : Marginal cost is equivalent toAnswer:
Question QMC18 : Avoidable costs are also referred to as

Answer:
Question QMC19 : Relevant costs are costs that are Answer:
Question QMC20 : WAM in costing means whatAnswer:
Question QMC21 : Retail method of valuing stock is part of Answer:
Question QMC22 : The difference in receipts and issues of stores ledger account is termed Answer:
Question QMC23 : Reorder level of stock is calculated as Answer:
Question QMC24: If the number of hours worked is 150 hours and the pay per hour is N3,500. What will be the gross wageAnswer:
Question QMC25 : Under the straight piece rate, how is the payment to the employee calculated? Answer:
Question QMC26 : In Rowan scheme, how is bonus calculated? Answer:
Question QMC27 : Overhead absorption rate is calculated asAnswer:
Question QMC28 : Direct cost is Answer:
Question QMC29 : Marginal cost is equivalent to Answer:
Question QMC30 : Favorable cost variance means Answer:
Question QMC31 : Semi-variable cost means Answer:
Question QMC32 : In discussion, cost accounting is all except oneAnswer:
Question QMC33 : The functions of management are Answer:

Question QMC34 : Types of premium bonus schemes includeAnswer:
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