MCQ1: Radical criminologists focus on â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€laêlmajor concepts

Answer: 5

MCQ2: Human aggression and violence are produced by instinctual drives is an

assertion by â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Sigmund Freud

MCQ3: The book "Examining the link between child abuse and youth violenceâ€

is written by â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.

Answer: Stephen Whitney

MCQ4: Marvin Wolfgang and France Ferracut (1967) formulated the famous concept

CC

called â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Independent subculture of violence

Answer: To take by force

MCQ6: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.. is a new breed of white-collar crimeÂ

Answer: Cybercrime

MCQ7: Salami slice is â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: A computer crime committed by an employee who sets up a dummy account

in the company's computerized record

MCQ8: When an employee uses a repair or maintenance program to supersede the

company's antitheft program is called â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Super-Zapping offence

MCQ9: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lis a way a thief effects a sabotage by secretly

inserting a program in the company's computer system to monitor the

company's work and waits for a sign of error to appear

Answer: Logic Bomb

MCQ10: According to Mark Haller (1990), organizational crimes tend to

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Corrupt the free market system

MCQ11: A market situation where illegal and legal practices and products in all phases

of commercial activity were mixed is calledâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Crime of business enterprise

Answer: Under-world and upper-world crime

MCQ13: The penal code is applicable in the â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: North of Nigeria

MCQ14: Bureaucratic crime is an example of â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€la€lorganized crimeÂ

Answer: Upper world

MCQ15: One of the dominant motives of organized crime in Nigeria is

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ Answer: Political power

MCQ16: The major cause that contributed to organized crime such as international

prostitution is â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Moral decay

MCQ17: Paraphilias is an abnormal sexual practice involving â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Sexual urges focused on non-human objects

MCQ18: The Nigerian Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA) was established in the

year â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: 1990

MCQ19: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. view overzealous police as violators of basic

constitutional rights

Answer: Due process advocates

MCQ20: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. embraces the notion that proper treatment and care

of criminals can change them to be productive and law-abiding citizensÂ

Answer: Rehabilitation model

MCQ21: One of the government agencies that can be traced back to the early English

society is â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ

Answer: The Police

MCQ22: The security agency that was created in Nigeria in 1930 is

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l...A

Answer: The police system

Answer: The court of law

Answer: Supreme court

MCQ25. A person becomes Chief Judge of a State High Court by

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Appointment

Answer: Sharia court of Appeal

MCQ27: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. heads the Customary court Â

Answer: President

MCQ28: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. was created in England in the thirteenth century to

help protect property in England's larger cities and townsÂ

Answer: Watch system

MCQ29: The supreme court of Nigeria consists of the Chief Justice of Nigeria and

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. number of JusticesÂ

Answer: 21

MCQ30: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l has the exclusive original jurisdiction to determine if

com

the office of the president or vice president has become vacant

Answer: Court of Appeal

MCQ31: Those who favour plea bargaining argue that it benefits

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l Answer: Both the state and defendant

MCQ32: One of the informal justice systems in the criminal justice system is

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. A

Answer: Plea bargaining

MCQ33: Correction is the â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. Is the third phase of the Nigerian

Criminal Justice ProcessesÂ

Answer: Correction

MCQ34: Forms of intermediate sanctions includes the following

exceptâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Bail

Answer: Prison camp

Answer: Convicts of 3 months imprisonment

MCQ37: The National Crime Victimization Survey is a survey used in which

countryâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.Â

Answer: USA

MCQ38; â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l..theorists postulate that some people initiate the

confrontation that leads to their injury or death.

Answer: Victim precipitation

MCQ39: According to the Ecology of crime most reported crimes occur

duringâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l...Â

Answer: Warm summer months of July and August

MCQ40: Crime prevention through social development is a type of crime prevention

Answer: Root causes of crime

MCQ41: Needs and motivations of an offender is revealed in the â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.

of criminological studyÂ

Answer: Biographical method

MCQ42: The first effort to measure crime by surveying members of households was

carried out in â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.Â

Answer: 1720 in Denmark

MCQ43: Self-report studies are focused on Juvenile delinquency and youth crime is a

focus of â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.Â Answer: Juvenile delinguency and youth crime

MCQ44: …………………… was concerned with protecting the rights of

human kindÂ

Answer: Classical criminology

MCQ45: One of the best-known classical criminologists is

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Cesare Baccaria

Answer: Neoclassical theory

MCQ47: A somatype that is described to be skinny and fragile is

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Ectomorph

MCQ48: The book Penal Philosophy was published by

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Gabrief Tarde

MCQ49: According to Hirschi, delinquency occurs when an individual's bond to

society is â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Weak or broken

Answer: Self-identification

Answer: Accusation

Answer: Culturally

Answer: Social context

FBQ4: Conventional legal wisdom holds that the essence of crime consists of some elements which are â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.in numberÂ

Answer: 7

FBQ5: Defendant's specific mental state at the time the behaviour in question occurred is referred to as â€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Mens Rea Â

FBQ6: There are â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. levels of mens rea Â

Answer: 4

FBQ7: Crime rates may be higher on â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. than any other timeÂ

Answer: The first day of the month

FBQ8: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€la€lin crime rate remain an extremely sensitive

issueÂ

Answer: Racial differences

Answer: To reduce victimization and to deter crime and criminals

FBQ11: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. involves long term integrated actions that deal

with the root causes of crimeÂ

Answer: Crime prevention through social development (CPSD)

Answer: Defensible space

FBQ15: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.is the collection, organization and interpretation of crime activities Â

Answer: Crime statistics

FBQ16: National Agency for the …………. of Trafficking in Persons (NAPTIP) is the government agency in charge of human trafficking in Nigeria Â

Answer: Prohibition

FBQ17: Crime rates are calculated by â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.. /population X 1000,000Â

Answer: Reported crimes

FBQ18: Criminologists look at crime rates and seek explanation for variations in crime

rates among different â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Social groups

FBQ19: One of the other reasons why index is much smaller than the actual number of

crimes is ……….. discretionary attitudeÂ

Answer: Police

FBQ20: There are two sources of crime statistics which are Official and …………

crime statistics Answer: unofficial

FBQ21: Prosecutor's record is an example of â€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. sources of crime

statistics Â Answer: Official

FBQ22: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l is important because it is useful in measuring the amount

and trends of criminal activities

Answer: Crime statistics

FBQ23: Edwin Sutherland (1937) make use of Biographical method to study

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lwho is a professional thief who recounted his life of crime in great

details.Â

Answer: Chi Conwell

FBQ24: Park and Burgress used the biographical method in the 1920s in their research

to study the â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

Answer: Deviant juveniles

FBQ25: In cohort study, the most common type of cohort analysis uses

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Age-groups

FBQ26: is done by using a category of people who had the same experiences in life

over a specific period of time

Answer: Cohort study

FBQ27: The ideal way to carry out a cohort study is to begin with data collection at the early age for the member of the cohort and then follow them through adolescent and

into …………

Answer: Â

FBQ28: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€l is designed for collection of information from a cross section

of a population on a defined subject matter within a period of time Â

Answer: Survey method

FBQ29: In order to make valid generalizations, the investigator must understand the

procedure for drawing â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lfrom the total populationÂ

Answer: Sample

FBQ30: The following are types of survey method Self-report survey Victimization

surveyCross-sectional surveyTRUE OR FALSE

Answer: TRUE

prison inmatesÂ

Answer: Self-report studies Â

FBQ32: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l (1946) was the first researcher to use survey methods to gather self-reported information about involvement in crime and delinquency Â

Answer: Austin Porterfield

FBQ33: In an â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l , researchers work with two groups that are identical in

all relevant aspects through a process of random assignment

Answer: experimental research

FBQ34: Another name for naturalistic observation is â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

observation

Answer: Non-participant

FBQ35: A research method where a researcher passively records whatever occurs on

the field is called â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l observationÂ

Answer: Naturalistic/

FBQ36: A situation where a researcher may pretend or act as prostitute in order to gain insight to the behaviour of prostitutes is a kind of which research method?

â€lå€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lÂ

Answer: Participant observation methods

FBQ37: The advantage of contrived observation is that Instead of the researcher waiting for the behaviour t occur, the researcher makes them occur by setting up the environment in such a way that they are more likely to occur TRUE OR FALSE?

Answer: true

Answer: Theories

FBQ39: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. theory is a product of enlightenment periodÂ

Answer: Classical

FBQ40: The ………. believe human beings commit crime because they rationally

calculate that the crime will give them more pleasure than the pain

Answer: classical theorists

Answer: Freewill

FBQ42: The proponents of the Biological explanations of crime argued that particular individuals are more prone to crime than others because of their

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l make upÂ

Answer: Genetic

FBQ43: The body-type theory of Biological theories of crimes is an extension of

â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l criminal anthropologyÂ

Answer: Lombroso's

FBQ44: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l. maintained that somatotypes were related to behaviourÂ

Answer: William Sheldon

FBQ45: â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l.is he criminological theory that includes the relationship among intelligence, personality and learning on a part and criminal

behaviour on another part Answer: Psychological theory

Answer: The reality principle

FBQ47: Sociological theories of crime reject the idea that criminals are born, but rather postulates that It is the individuals in social groups or the society that influence both

……….and non-criminal acts

Answer: criminal

Answer: Rebellion

FBQ49: Differential association theorists assert that â€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€lâ€l

theoryA

Answer: Differential

FBQ50: A person becomes delinquent because of an excess of definitions favourable to violent of law over definitions unfavourable to violation of law is one of the basic principles of Social behaviour is learnt through association with othersTRUE OR FALSEÂ

Answer: true